- THE DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS ARE INTENDED TO COVER A COMPLETE PROJECT, READY TO USE, AND ALL ITEMS NECESSARY FOR A COMPLETE AND WORKABLE JOB SHALL BE FURNISHED AND INSTALLED. ANY DISCREPANCY SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY REPORTED TO THE
- NOTIFY THE INSPECTOR OF THE LOCAL GOVERNING AUTHORITY 24 HOURS BEFORE EVERY
- ALL WORK SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE LOCAL, STATE, AND FEDERAL CODES. ALL NECESSARY LICENSES AND PERMITS SHALL BE OBTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR, AT HIS EXPENSE, UNLESS ALREADY OBTAINED BY THE OWNER.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE LOCATION AND INSTALLATION OF ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES AND APPURTENANCES TO MINIMIZE DISTURBING CURBING,
- THE FXISTING UTILITIES SHOWN ARE FOR THE CONTRACTOR'S CONVENIENCE ONLY. THERE MAY BE OTHER UTILITIES NOT SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS. THE UTILITIES SHOWN ARE THOSE LOCATED BY THE SURVEYOR OF RECORD. THE ENGINEER ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE LOCATION OF THE UTILITIES SHOWN. IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO VERIFY THE LOCATIONS OF ALL UTILITIES WITHIN THE LIMITS OF WORK. ALL DAMAGE MADE TO EXISTING UTILITIES BY THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- DEVIATIONS FROM THESE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS WITHOUT PRIOR CONSENT OF THE ENGINEER AND THE MUNICIPALITY MAY CAUSE FOR THE WORK TO BE UNACCEPTABLE.
- ALL MATERIALS SHALL BE NEW UNLESS USED OR SALVAGED MATERIALS ARE AUTHORIZED
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH AND MAINTAIN ALL NECESSARY BARRICADES AROUND THE WORK AND SHALL PROVIDE PROTECTION AGAINST WATER DAMAGE AND SOIL
- ALL WORK SHALL BE PERFORMED IN A FINISHED AND WORKMANLIKE MANNER TO THE ENTIRE SATISFACTION OF THE OWNER, AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE BEST RECOGNIZED
- D. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE SHEETING AND SHORING FOR ALL TRENCH CONSTRUCTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH OSHA GUIDELINES
- 1. ALL PIPE LENGTHS SHOWN ARE TO THE CENTERLINE OF THE STRUCTURES UNLESS
- 2. PIPES (STORM AND SANITARY SEWER) SHALL BE LAID ON SMOOTH, CONTINUOUS GRADES WITH NO VISIBLE BENDS AT THE JOINTS.
- 3. BEDDING REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED HEREIN ARE TO BE CONSIDERED AS MINIMUM REQUIRED FOR RELATIVELY DRY STABLE EARTH CONDITIONS. ADDITIONAL BEDDING SHALL BE REQUIRED FOR ROCK TRENCHES TO PROVIDE SUCH ADDITIONAL BEDDING AS REQUIRED TO PROPERLY CONSTRUCT WORK.
- 14. ALL STORM DRAINAGE INLET STRUCTURES SHALL HAVE METAL RING AND COVER FOR
- 15. ALL ANGLES SHOWN ARE 90 DEGREES UNLESS SHOWN OTHERWISE.
- 6. ALL GRADES SHOWN ARE FINISHED GRADES. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY DIMENSIONS, GRADES, AND EXISTING ELEVATIONS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- . CONCRETE CURBS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DETAILS SHOWN ON PLANS. MATERIALS, EQUIPMENT, METHODS OF CONSTRUCTION AND WORKMANSHIP SHALL CONFORM TO STATE D.O.T. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.
- 8. ALL CONCRETE SHALL HAVE 3000 PSI COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH AFTER 28 DAYS, WITH A MAXIMUM SLUMP OF FOUR (4) INCHES, UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE.
- 0. PARKING AND DRIVEWAY BASE COURSE AND ASPHALTIC CONCRETE SURFACE AND PRIME MATERIALS, EQUIPMENT, METHODS FOR CONSTRUCTION AND WORKMANSHIP SHALL CONFORM TO STATE D.O.T. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.
- 1. CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY ALL STORM, SANITARY, WATER AND OTHER UTILITIES LOCATIONS AND INVERTS PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF ANY UTILITIES. NOTIFY ENGINEER PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH ANY WORK IF DISCREPANCIES FOUND.
- 2. THE USE OF CONCRETE THRUST BLOCKS FOR THE INSTALLATION OF WATER MAINS IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED. PRESSURE PIPE FITTINGS AND OTHER ITEMS REQUIRING RESTRAINT SHALL BE RESTRAINED USING METHODS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 3.8 OF THE CITY'S TECHNICAL STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS. THE PREFERRED METHOD OF RESTRAINT IS THROUGH THE USE OF "MEGA-LUGS" OR "MJR" DEVICES.
- 3. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED TO THE BACK OF CURB UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

#### ESCAMBIA COUNTY LAND DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES NOTES GENERAL LAND DISTURBANCE

- (A)GENERAL. A GENERAL LAND DISTURBANCE PERMIT IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY ACTIVITY INVOLVING THE CLEARING, CUTTING, EXCAVATING, FILLING, OR GRADING OF LAND, OR ANY OTHER ACTIVITY THAT ALTERS LAND TOPOGRAPHY OR VEGETATIVE COVER AND IS NOT AUTHORIZED BY THE OTHER LAND DISTURBANCE PERMITS OF THIS ARTICLE. T SUCH ACTIVITIES MUST NOT RESULT IN ADVERSE IMPACTS ON ADJOINING PROPERTIES, SURFACE WATERS, ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE LANDS, ROADWAYS, OR DRAINAGE SYSTEMS.
- (B)PERMIT FOR LAND DISTURBANCE. APPLICATION FOR A GENERAL LAND DISTURBANCE PERMIT SHALL BE SUBMITTED FOR COMPLIANCE REVIEW TO THE PLANNING OFFICIAL.

#### CONSTRUCTION IN COUNTY RIGHT-OF-WAY.

UNLESS CONSTRUCTION IN A COUNTY RIGHT-OF-WAY IS AUTHORIZED BY COUNTY APPROVAL, A COUNTY RIGHT-OF-WAY WORK PERMIT IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO DISTURBING THE PAVED PORTION, OR ANY AREA BENEATH THE PAVED PORTION, OF ANY COUNTY RIGHT-OF-WAY; OR PRIOR TO INSTALLING UNDERGROUND FACILITIES IN A COUNTY RIGHT-OF-WAY; OR PRIOR TO WORK, OTHER THAN MAINTENANCE, ON A DRIVEWAY CONNECTION WITHIN A COUNTY RIGHT-OF-WAY. A PERMIT IS NOT REQUIRED FOR WORK OR IMPROVEMENTS INCLUDED WITHIN APPROVED SUBDIVISION INFRASTRUCTURE CONSTRUCTION PLANS OR SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS, OR FOR ANY EXEMPT ACTIVITIES IDENTIFIED BY THE PROCEDURE FOR MAKING ROAD CUTS, WITHIN LOCAL PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS, ESCAMBIA COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES.

A TREE REMOVAL PERMIT IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO REMOVING OR OTHERWISE CAUSING UNNATURAL DECLINE BY IRREPARABLE INJURY TO ANY PROTECTED TREE UNLESS THAT ACTIVITY IS AUTHORIZED THROUGH SITE DEVELOPMENT OR OTHER COMPLIANCE REVIEW PROVISIONS OF THIS CHAPTER. THE PROCESS TO AUTHORIZE THE REMOVAL OF A PROTECTED TREE IS ESTABLISHED IN THE DEVELOP STANDARD MANUAL.

#### EARTHWORK SPECIFICATIONS:

• CLEARING AND GRUBBING SHALL CONSIST OF CLEARING THE SURFACE OF THE GROUND OF THE DESIGNATED AREAS OF ALL TREES, LOGS, SNAGS, BRUSH, UNDERGROWTH, HEAVY GROWTH OF GRASS, WEEDS, FENCE STRUCTURES, DEBRIS AND RUBBISH OF ANY NATURE, NATURAL OBSTRUCTIONS SUCH AS OBJECTIONABLE SOIL MATERIAL UNSATISFACTORY FOR FOUNDATIONS. IT SHALL ALSO CONSIST OF GRUBBING OF STUMPS, ROOTS FOUNDATIONS AND DISPOSAL OF ALL SUCH MATERIAL. ALL HOLES REMAINING AFTER THE GRUBBING OPERATION IN EMBANKMENT AREAS AND IN EXCAVATION AREAS LESS THAN TWO (2) FEET IN DEPTH, SHALL HAVE SIDES BROKEN DOWN AND LEVELED IF NECESSARY TO FLATTEN OUT SLOPES, REFILLED WITH ACCEPTABLE MATERIAL THAT IS PROPERLY COMPACTED IN LAYERS BY TAMPERS, ROLLERS OR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT. • BURNING ON SITE IS NOT PERMITTED WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE LOCAL GOVERNING AUTHORITIES HAVING JURISDICTION.

#### EXISTING TREES OUTSIDE OF GRADING LIMITS LINE:

• TREES AND VEGETATION TO BE SAVED SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM DAMAGE BY A FENCE BARRICADE PRIOR TO, OR DURING, CLEARING OPERATIONS. TREES TO BE REMOVED FROM THE AREA OUTSIDE THE LIMITS OF GRADING OR FROM SPECIFICALLY DESIGNATED AREAS WITHIN THE CONSTRUCTION AREAS. IF, IN THE OPINION OF THE ENGINEER, A CONTRACTOR DAMAGES A TREE NOT TO BE REMOVED THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE FINED A PREDETERMINED AMOUNT FOR EACH DAMAGED TREE. THE CONTRACT SHALL ALSO BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL COSTS ASSOCIATED IN REMOVING THE DAMAGED TREE FROM THE SITE.

#### ALL VEGETATION SUCH AS ROOTS, BRUSH, HEAVY GROWTH OF GRASS, TOPSOIL, ALL DECAYED VEGETABLE MATTER, RUBBISH, AND OTHER UNSUITABLE MATERIAL WITHIN THE AREA UPON WHICH FILL IS TO BE PLACED SHALL BE STRIPPED OR BE

- OTHERWISE REMOVED BEFORE THE FILL OPERATION IS STARTED. IN NO CASE SHALL UNSUITABLE MATERIAL REMAIN IN OR UNDER THE FILL AREA. SLOPED GROUND SURFACE STEEPER THAN ON VERTICAL TO FOUR HORIZONTAL, ON WHICH FILL IS TO BE PLACED, SHALL BE PLACED, STEPPED OR BENCHED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT THE FILL TO BE PLACED SHALL BE 97 PERCENT OF THE MAXIMUM LABORATORY DRY DENSITY ACCORDING TO STANDARD PROCTOR (AASHTO T99, ASTM D-698). MOISTURE CONTENT SHALL BE WITHIN 3 PERCENT OF THE OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT. PROOF ROLL THE AREAS TO BE FILLED OR ON WHICH STRUCTURES ARE TO BE PLACED. A LOADED DUMP TRUCK OR OTHER RUBBER TIRED EQUIPMENT SHALL BE USED FOR PROOF ROLLING. OVERLAPPING PASSES OF A VEHICLES SHOULD BE MADE ACROSS THE SITE IN ONE DIRECTION AND THEN PERPENDICULAR TO THE ORIGINAL DIRECTION OF ROLLING.
- ANY YIELDING, PUMPING OR SOFT AREAS SHOULD BE CUT OUT AND REPLACED WITH FILL COMPACTED AS DESCRIBED HEREIN. • THE PROPOSED FILL SHOULD BE LIMITED TO SOILS CLASSIFIED IN ACCORDANCE
- WITH ASTM D-2487 AS GM, GC, SW, SM, SC, ML AND CL. SOIL CLASSIFIED AS PT, OH,
- OL, CH AND MH ARE NOT SATISFACTORY AS COMPACTED FILL THE LINES AND GRADES INDICATED ON CONSTRUCTION PLANS. THE SLOPE SHALL NOT EXCEED 2 FOOT HORIZONTAL TO 1 FOOT VERTICAL (3 FOOT HORIZONTAL TO 1 FOOT VERTICAL IN THE PUBLIC RIGHT OF WAY). THE COMPLETED FILL SHALL CORRESPOND TO THE SHAPE OF THE TYPICAL SECTIONS INDICATED ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS. MATERIAL REMOVED FROM THE EXCAVATION SHALL BE USED IN FORMING THE FILL. FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE REASONABLY FREE FROM ROOTS, OTHER ORGANIC MATERIAL, TRASH AND STONES HAVING MAXIMUM DIMENSIONS GREATER THAN 6 INCHES (4 INCHES IN TRENCHES FOR UTILITIES). NO FROZEN MATERIAL WILL BE PERMITTED IN THE FILL. STONES HAVING A MAXIMUM DIMENSION OF 4 INCHES WILL NOT BE PERMITTED IN THE UPPER SIX INCHES OF FILL OR EMBANKMENT OR UTILITY TRENCH. THE MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN SUCCESSIVE HORIZONTAL LAYERS NOT MORE THAN 8 INCHES THICK, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, IN LOOSE DEPTH FOR THE WIDTH OF THE CROSS-SECTION AND DRY DENSITY ACCORDING TO STANDARD PROCTOR (ASTM D-698, AASHTO T-99) MOISTURE SHALL BE WITHIN 3 PERCENT OF THE OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT. TH TOP 12 INCHES OF THE PAVING, PARKING AND/OR ROADWAY SUB-GRADE SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 97 PERCENT OF THE MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY (STANDARD PROCTOR) EACH LIFT SHALL BE ROLLED WITH A VIBRATORY ROLLER, A SHEEPSFOOT ROLLER, OR A LOADED RUBBER TIRED DUMP TRUCK, SCRAPER OR LOADER. IF THE SOIL IS TOO DRY, A WATER TRUCK WITH SPREADER BAR OR SPRAY HOSE SHALL BE USED TO BRING THE SOIL TO THE PROPER MOISTURE RANGE. THE WATER SHALL BE THOROUGHLY AND PROPERLY MIXED WITH THE SOIL PRIOR TO COMPACTION.
- STORM DRAIN PIPES SHALL BE PLACED ON FIRM BOTTOM AND HAND TAMPED TO SAFE UP THE PIPE. A CUSHION OF SOIL SHALL BE TAMPED ABOVE THE CROWN OF THE PIPE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PIPE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS SO THAT THE HEAVIER COMPACTION EQUIPMENT CAN THEN BE USED TO BRING THE SOIL TO A DENSITY AS DESCRIBED ABOVE FOR FILL AREAS.
- IF SOILS INVESTIGATION REPORT IS PROVIDED, THEN FOLLOW THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE REPORT IF THEY EXCEED THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THESE SPECIFICATIONS.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, AREAS DESIGNATED FOR GRADING OPERATIONS THAT CONTAIN A BLANKET OF TOPSOIL SHALL BE STRIPPED AND PLACED IN CONVENIENT STOCKPILES FOR LATER USE AS A TOPSOIL BLANKET ON THE NEW GRADED AREAS SPECIFIED HEREIN, OR AS DESIGNATED. TOPSOIL SHALL BE STRIPPED FROM ALL AREAS DESIGNATED TO RECEIVE FILL. THE STRIPPING OF MATERIAL FOR TOPSOIL SHALL BE CAREFULLY DETERMINED AND ONLY THE QUANTITY REQUIRED SHALL BE STOCKPILED. MATERIAL STOCKPILED SHALL BE STORED IN A SATISFACTORY MANNER TO AFFORD PROPER DRAINAGE. WHEN GRADING OPERATIONS PERMIT, INSTEAD OF STOCKPILING, THE TOPSOIL SHALL BE HAULED AND SPREAD DIRECTLY ON THE AREAS DESIGNATED TO RECEIVE TOPSOIL.

#### ROCK EXCAVATION:

• IF ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CLEAR AWAY EARTH TO EXPOSE MATERIAL. NOTIFY OWNER AND RECEIVE WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS PRIOR TO EXCAVATION. REMOVE ROCK TO A DEPTH OF 6 INCHES BELOW AND 8 INCHES ON EACH SIDE OF PIPES IN TRENCHES. A MEASUREMENT OF EXTENT OF ROCK TO BE REMOVED SHALL BE MADE. ROCK EXCAVATION SHALL BE PAID FOR IN ACCORDANCE WITH AGREEMENT WITH THE OWNER.

# SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

FOR



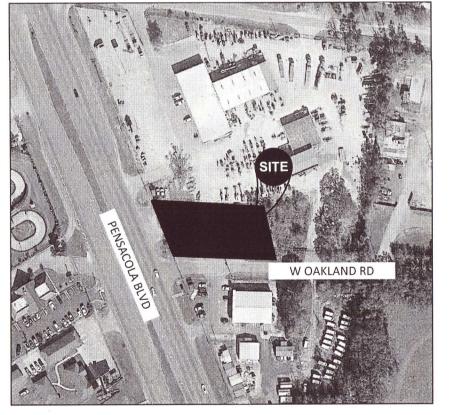
**CLIENT** SCOOTER'S COFFEE, LLC

PROJECT LOCATION

# 6800 N. PENSACOLA BOULEVARD ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FL

PARCEL ID (Reference #): 27-1S-30-3101-002-060

onsibility of details as drawn. A Development Order (DO) must be ined through the Development Review Process prior to the commence estruction. This DO approval does not constitute approval by any other gency. All additional state/federal permits shall be provided to the county perior to approval of a final plat or the issuance of state/federal permits shall be ovided to the county prior to approval of a final plat or the issuance of a



**LOCATION MAP** SCALE: N.T.S.

**PROJECT NOTES: DEVELOPER:** Scooter's Coffee, LLC 10500 Sapp Brothers Drive Omaha, NE 68138 Contact: Kimberly Williford kim.williford@scooterscoffee.com

Tel. 817-832-0020

**ENGINEER:** Carter Engineering Consultants, Inc 3651 Mars Hill Road - Suite 2000 Watkinsville, GA 30677 Contact: Jeff Carter, P.E. jeff@carterengineering.net Tel. 770-725-1200

# SHEET INDEX

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	COVER SHEET
2	EXISTING CONDITIONS & DEMO PLAN
3	SITE PLAN
4	UTILITY PLAN
5	GRADING & DRAINAGE PLAN
6	SOIL & EROSION CONTROL PLAN
7	SOIL & EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
7.1	SOIL & EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
8	STANDARD DETAILS
9	LANDSCAPE PLAN
10	LANDSCAPE DETAILS
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3 8	
4	

# REVISION BLOCK

REV. NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
1	01/05/22	INITIAL SUBMITTAL
2	03/3/22	ADDRESS COUNTY COMMENTS
3	03/28/22	ADDRESS COUNTY COMMENTS
	,	



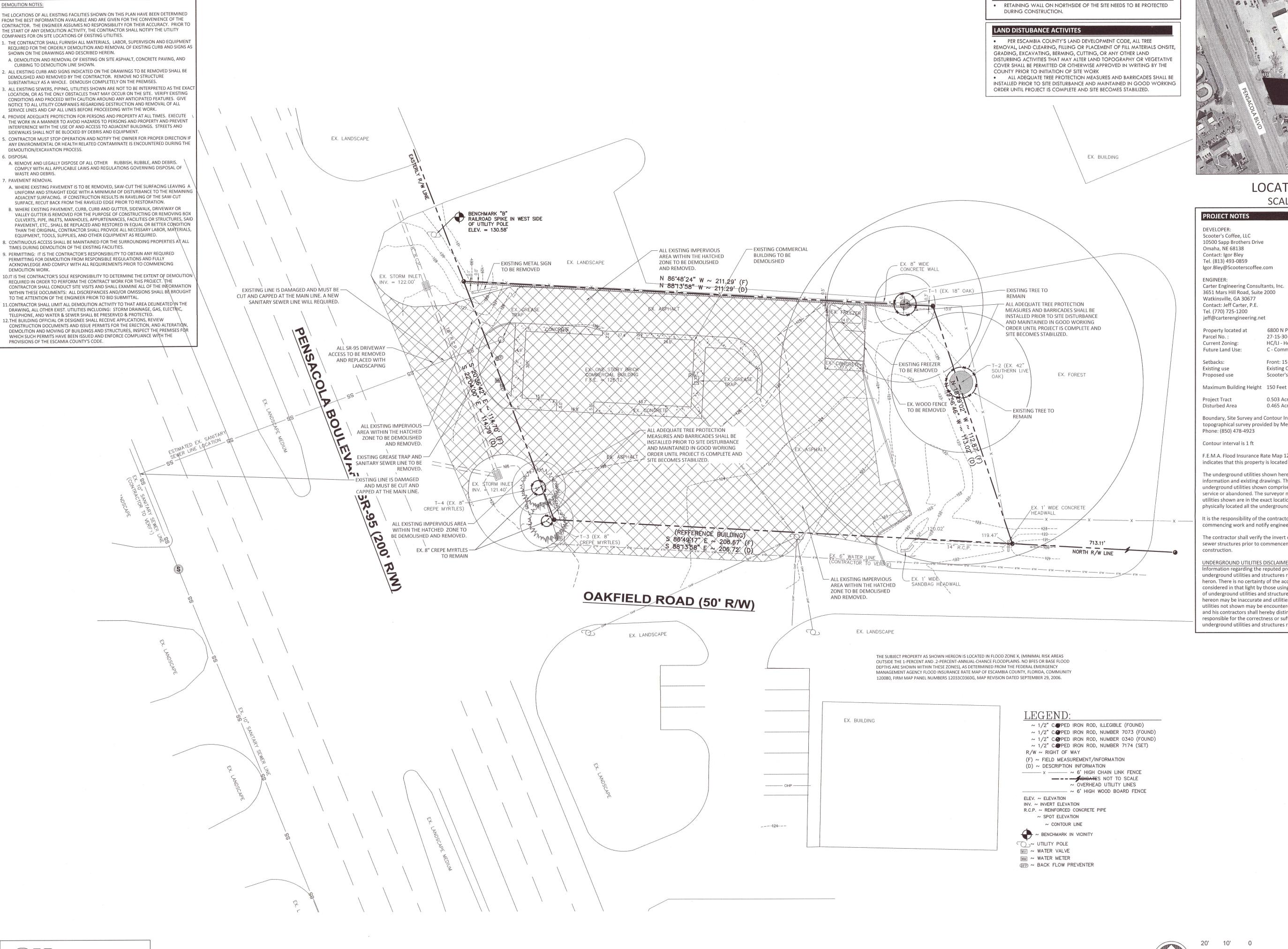
Carter Engineering Consultants, Inc. 3651 Mars Hill Road Watkinsville, GA 30677

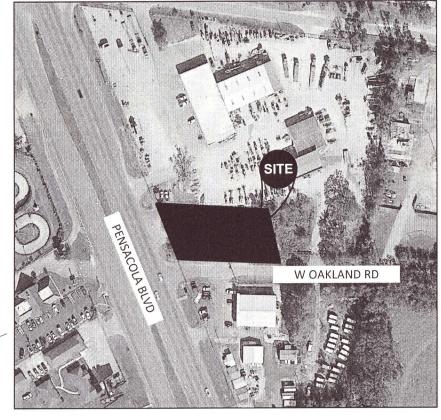
www.carterengineering.net

24-HOUR CONTACT:

IGOR BLEY (813) 493-0859







### **LOCATION MAP** SCALE: N.T.S.

Scooter's Coffee, LLC 10500 Sapp Brothers Drive Igor.Bley@Scooterscoffee.com

Carter Engineering Consultants, Inc. 3651 Mars Hill Road, Suite 2000 Watkinsville, GA 30677 Contact: Jeff Carter, P.E. jeff@carterengineering.net

6800 N Pensacola Blvd, Escambia County, FL 32505 27-15-30-3101-002-060 HC/LI - Heavy commercial and light industrial C - Commercial

Front: 15 feet Rear: 15 feet Side: 10 feet **Existing Commercial Building** Scooter's Coffee with all associated utilities

0.503 Acres 0.465 Acres

Boundary, Site Survey and Contour Information obtained from boundary and topographical survey provided by Merrill Parker Shaw, Inc.. Dated 7/20/21.

F.E.M.A. Flood Insurance Rate Map 12033C0360G, effective on 09/29/2006 indicates that this property is located in "Zone X".

The underground utilities shown hereon have been located from field information and existing drawings. The surveyor nor engineer warrants that the underground utilities shown comprise all such utilities in the area, either in service or abandoned. The surveyor nor engineer warrants that the underground utilities shown are in the exact location indicated. The surveyor nor engineer has physically located all the underground utilities.

It is the responsibility of the contractor to field locate all utilities prior to commencing work and notify engineer if a discrepancy is found.

The contractor shall verify the invert elevations of all existing storm and sanitary sewer structures prior to commencement of storm and sanitary sewer

UNDERGROUND UTILITIES DISCLAIMER

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Carter Engineering Consultants, Inc 3651 Mars Hill Road, Suite 2000 Watkinsville, GA 30677

P: 770.725.1200 F: 770.725.1204

www.carterengineering.net

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PROJECT NAME:

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SHEET TITLE:

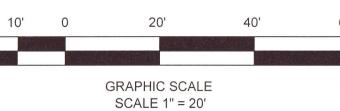
**EXISTING CONDITIONS & DEMO PLAN** 

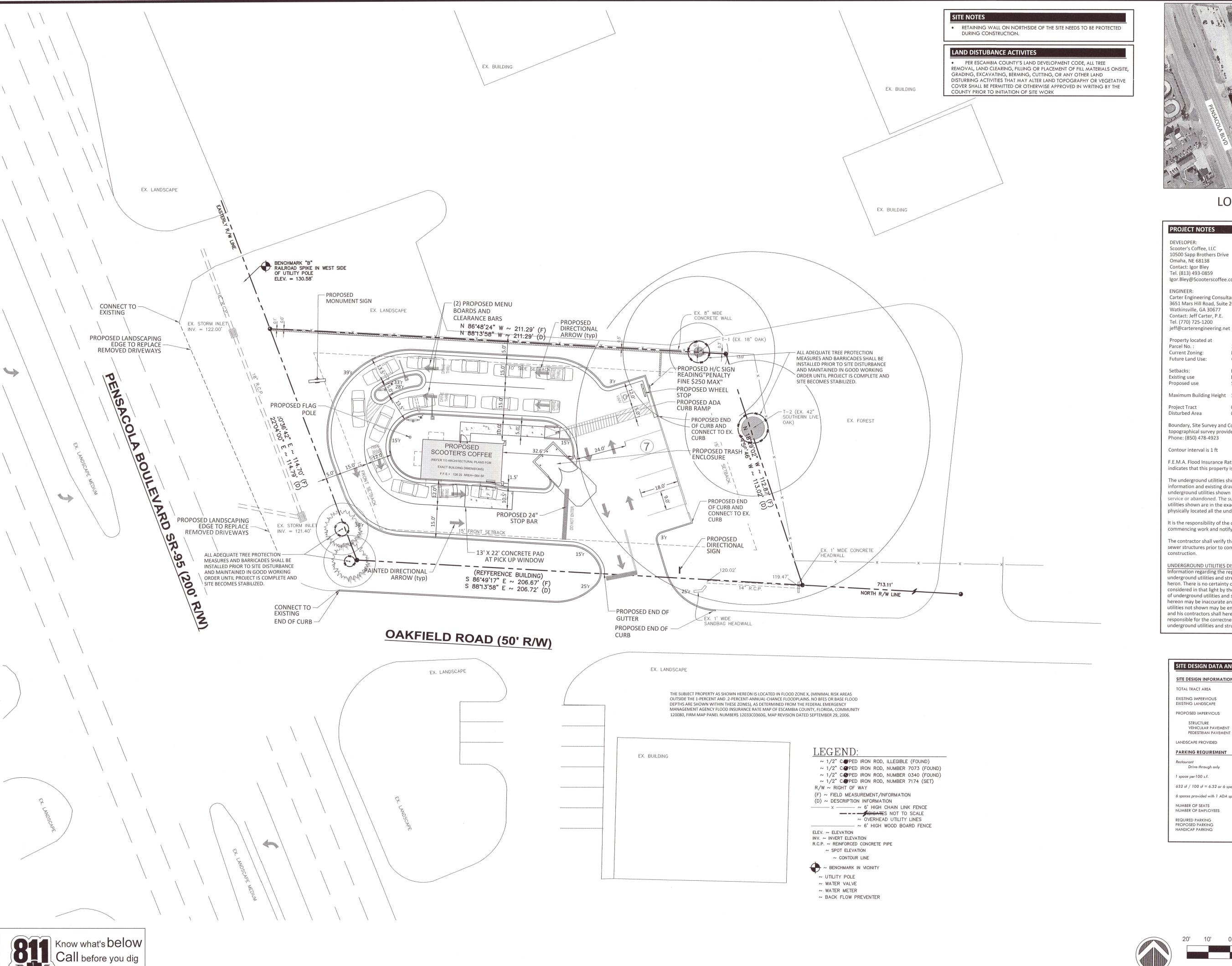
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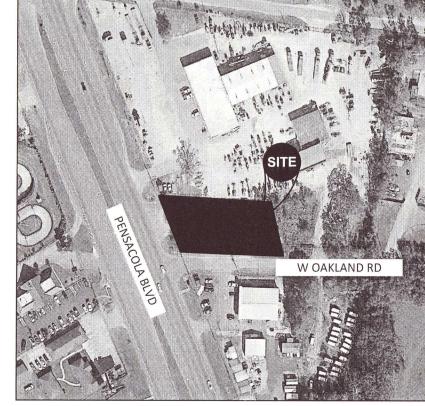
PROJECT NUMBER: 21020SCR

03/28/22

TRUE NORTH







## **LOCATION MAP** SCALE: N.T.S.

PROJECT NOTES **DEVELOPER:** Scooter's Coffee, LLC 10500 Sapp Brothers Drive Omaha, NE 68138 Contact: Igor Bley Tel. (813) 493-0859 Igor.Bley@Scooterscoffee.com Carter Engineering Consultants, Inc. 3651 Mars Hill Road, Suite 2000 Watkinsville, GA 30677 Contact: Jeff Carter, P.E.

Property located at 6800 N Pensacola Blvd, Escambia County, FL 32505 27-1S-30-3101-002-060 HC/LI - Heavy commercial and light industrial Current Zoning: C - Commercial

Setbacks: Front: 15 feet Rear: 15 feet Side: 10 feet Existing use **Existing Commercial Building** Scooter's Coffee with all associated utilities

Maximum Building Height 150 Feet

Project Tract 0.503 Acres Disturbed Area 0.465 Acres

Boundary, Site Survey and Contour Information obtained from boundary and topographical survey provided by Merrill Parker Shaw, Inc.. Dated 7/20/21. Phone: (850) 478-4923

Contour interval is 1 ft

F.E.M.A. Flood Insurance Rate Map 12033C0360G, effective on 09/29/2006 indicates that this property is located in "Zone X".

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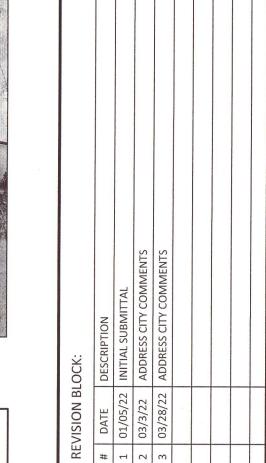
The contractor shall verify the invert elevations of all existing storm and sanitary

sewer structures prior to commencement of storm and sanitary sewer

UNDERGROUND UTILITIES DISCLAIMER

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SITE DESIGN INFORMATION			
TOTAL TRACT AREA	21,926 S.F.	0.503 AC.	100.00%
EXISTING IMPERVIOUS	17,581 S.F.	0.404 AC.	80.18%
EXISTING LANDSCAPE	4,345 S.F.	0.100 AC.	19.82%
PROPOSED IMPERVIOUS	11,972 S.F.	0.275 AC.	53.24%
STRUCTURE	664 S.F.	0.015 AC.	2.88%
VEHICULAR PAVEMENT	11,040 S.F.		
PEDESTRIAN PAVEMENT	268 S.F.	0.006 AC.	
LANDSCAPE PROVIDED	9,954 S.F.	0.228 AC.	46.76%
PARKING REQUIREMENT  Restaurant	-		
Drive-through only			
1 space per 100 s.f.			
632 sf / 100 sf = 6.32 or 6 spaces re	quired		
6 spaces provided with 1 ADA spaces			
NUMBER OF SEATS			
NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES			O SEAT
REQUIRED PARKING			4 EMPLOYER
			/ 00 / 00
PROPOSED PARKING			
PROPOSED PARKING HANDICAP PARKING			6 SPACE 7 SPACE







3651 Mars Hill Road, Suite 2000 Watkinsville, GA 30677

F: 770.725.1204 www.carterengineering.net

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PROJECT NAME:

SHEET TITLE:

EST. 1998 COFFEE/

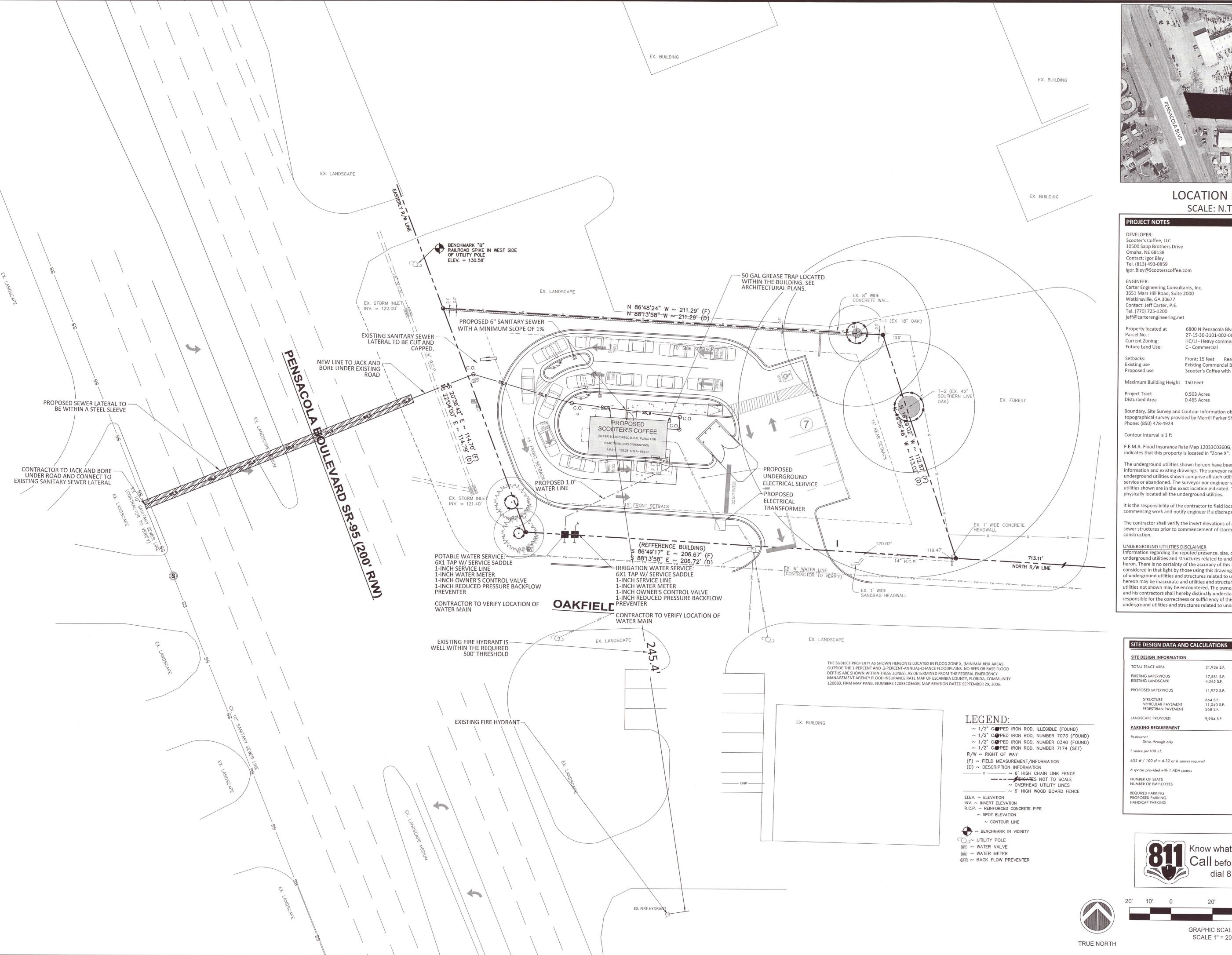
SITE PLAN

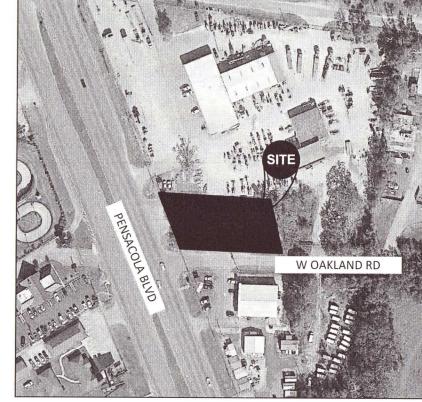
SHEET NUMBER:

PROJECT NUMBER: 21020SCR 03/28/22

**GRAPHIC SCALE** SCALE 1" = 20'

TRUE NORTH





## **LOCATION MAP** SCALE: N.T.S.

Igor.Bley@Scooterscoffee.com

Carter Engineering Consultants, Inc. 3651 Mars Hill Road, Suite 2000

> 6800 N Pensacola Blvd, Escambia County, FL 32505 27-1S-30-3101-002-060 HC/LI - Heavy commercial and light industrial C - Commercial

Front: 15 feet Rear: 15 feet Side: 10 feet **Existing Commercial Building** Scooter's Coffee with all associated utilities

0.465 Acres

Boundary, Site Survey and Contour Information obtained from boundary and topographical survey provided by Merrill Parker Shaw, Inc.. Dated 7/20/21.

F.E.M.A. Flood Insurance Rate Map 12033C0360G, effective on 09/29/2006

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UNDERGROUND UTILITIES DISCLAIMER

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PARKING REQUIREMENT			
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Drive-through only			
1 space per100 s.f.			
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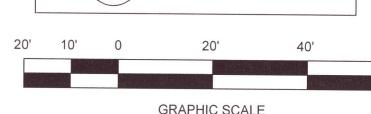


4 EMPLOYEES

1 HANDICAP SPACES

6 SPACES

7 SPACES



**GRAPHIC SCALE** SCALE 1" = 20'

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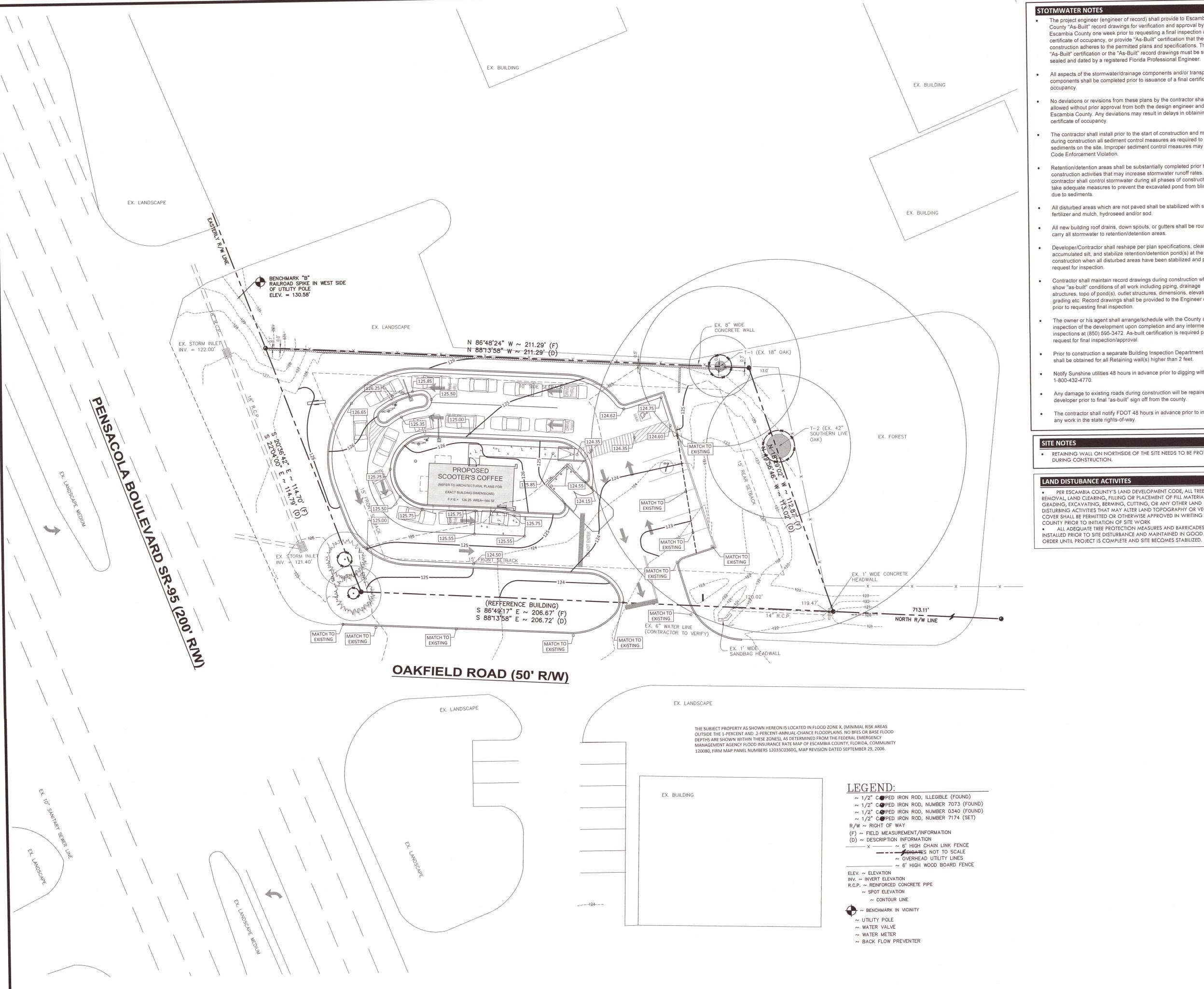
PROJECT NAME:

SHEET TITLE:

UTILITY PLAN

SHEET NUMBER:

PROJECT NUMBER: 21020SCR



#### STOTMWATER NOTES

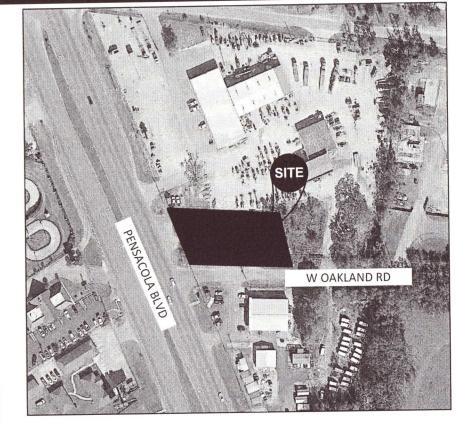
- The project engineer (engineer of record) shall provide to Escambia County "As-Built" record drawings for verification and approval by Escambia County one week prior to requesting a final inspection and certificate of occupancy, or provide "As-Built" certification that the project construction adheres to the permitted plans and specifications. The "As-Built" certification or the "As-Built" record drawings must be signed, sealed and dated by a registered Florida Professional Engineer.
- All aspects of the stormwater/drainage components and/or transportation components shall be completed prior to issuance of a final certificate of occupancy.
- No deviations or revisions from these plans by the contractor shall be allowed without prior approval from both the design engineer and the Escambia County. Any deviations may result in delays in obtaining a certificate of occupancy.
- The contractor shall install prior to the start of construction and maintain during construction all sediment control measures as required to retain all sediments on the site. Improper sediment control measures may result in Code Enforcement Violation.
- Retention/detention areas shall be substantially completed prior to any construction activities that may increase stormwater runoff rates. The contractor shall control stormwater during all phases of construction and take adequate measures to prevent the excavated pond from blinding due to sediments.
- All disturbed areas which are not paved shall be stabilized with seeding, fertilizer and mulch, hydroseed and/or sod.
- All new building roof drains, down spouts, or gutters shall be routed to carry all stormwater to retention/detention areas.
- Developer/Contractor shall reshape per plan specifications, clean out accumulated silt, and stabilize retention/detention pond(s) at the end of construction when all disturbed areas have been stabilized and prior to request for inspection.
- Contractor shall maintain record drawings during construction which show "as-built" conditions of all work including piping, drainage structures, topo of pond(s), outlet structures, dimensions, elevations, grading etc. Record drawings shall be provided to the Engineer of Record prior to requesting final inspection.
- The owner or his agent shall arrange/schedule with the County a final inspection of the development upon completion and any intermediate inspections at (850) 595-3472. As-built certification is required prior to request for final inspection/approval.
- Prior to construction a separate Building Inspection Department permit(s) shall be obtained for all Retaining wall(s) higher than 2 feet.
- Notify Sunshine utilities 48 hours in advance prior to digging within R/W;
- Any damage to existing roads during construction will be repaired by the developer prior to final "as-built" sign off from the county.
- The contractor shall notify FDOT 48 hours in advance prior to initiating any work in the state rights-of-way.

#### SITE NOTES

RETAINING WALL ON NORTHSIDE OF THE SITE NEEDS TO BE PROTECTED DURING CONSTRUCTION.

#### LAND DISTUBANCE ACTIVITES

 PER ESCAMBIA COUNTY'S LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, ALL TREE REMOVAL, LAND CLEARING, FILLING OR PLACEMENT OF FILL MATERIALS ONSITE, GRADING, EXCAVATING, BERMING, CUTTING, OR ANY OTHER LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES THAT MAY ALTER LAND TOPOGRAPHY OR VEGETATIVE COVER SHALL BE PERMITTED OR OTHERWISE APPROVED IN WRITING BY THE COUNTY PRIOR TO INITIATION OF SITE WORK ALL ADEQUATE TREE PROTECTION MEASURES AND BARRICADES SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO SITE DISTURBANCE AND MAINTAINED IN GOOD WORKING



LOCATION MAP SCALE: N.T.S.

#### PROJECT NOTES

**DEVELOPER:** Scooter's Coffee, LLC 10500 Sapp Brothers Drive Omaha, NE 68138 Contact: Igor Bley Tel. (813) 493-0859 Igor.Bley@Scooterscoffee.com

**ENGINEER:** Carter Engineering Consultants, Inc. 3651 Mars Hill Road, Suite 2000 Watkinsville, GA 30677 Contact: Jeff Carter, P.E. Tel. (770) 725-1200

jeff@carterengineering.net 6800 N Pensacola Blvd, Escambia County, FL 32505 Property located at 27-1S-30-3101-002-060 Parcel No.: HC/LI - Heavy commercial and light industrial Current Zoning:

C - Commercial Future Land Use: Front: 15 feet Rear: 15 feet Side: 10 feet Existing Commercial Building

Existing use Scooter's Coffee with all associated utilities Proposed use Maximum Building Height 150 Feet

0.503 Acres **Project Tract** Disturbed Area 0.465 Acres

Boundary, Site Survey and Contour Information obtained from boundary and topographical survey provided by Merrill Parker Shaw, Inc.. Dated 7/20/21. Phone: (850) 478-4923

Contour interval is 1 ft

Setbacks:

F.E.M.A. Flood Insurance Rate Map 12033C0360G, effective on 09/29/2006 indicates that this property is located in "Zone X".

The underground utilities shown hereon have been located from field information and existing drawings. The surveyor nor engineer warrants that the underground utilities shown comprise all such utilities in the area, either in service or abandoned. The surveyor nor engineer warrants that the underground utilities shown are in the exact location indicated. The surveyor nor engineer has physically located all the underground utilities.

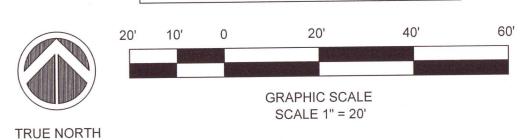
It is the responsibility of the contractor to field locate all utilities prior to commencing work and notify engineer if a discrepancy is found.

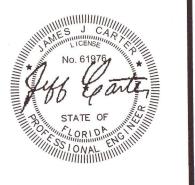
The contractor shall verify the invert elevations of all existing storm and sanitary sewer structures prior to commencement of storm and sanitary sewer construction.

UNDERGROUND UTILITIES DISCLAIMER Information regarding the reputed presence, size, character and location of existing underground utilities and structures related to underground utilities is shown heron. There is no certainty of the accuracy of this information and it shall be considered in that light by those using this drawing. The location and arrangement of underground utilities and structures related to underground utilities shown hereon may be inaccurate and utilities and structures related to underground utilities not shown may be encountered. The owner, his employees, his consultant and his contractors shall hereby distinctly understand that the surveyor is not responsible for the correctness or sufficiency of this information regarding the underground utilities and structures related to underground utilities shown hereor

PARKING AREA SLOPE MUST NOT EXCEED 1:48









Carter Engineering Consultants, In 3651 Mars Hill Road, Suite 2000 Watkinsville, GA 30677

P: 770.725.1200 F: 770.725.1204 www.carterengineering.net

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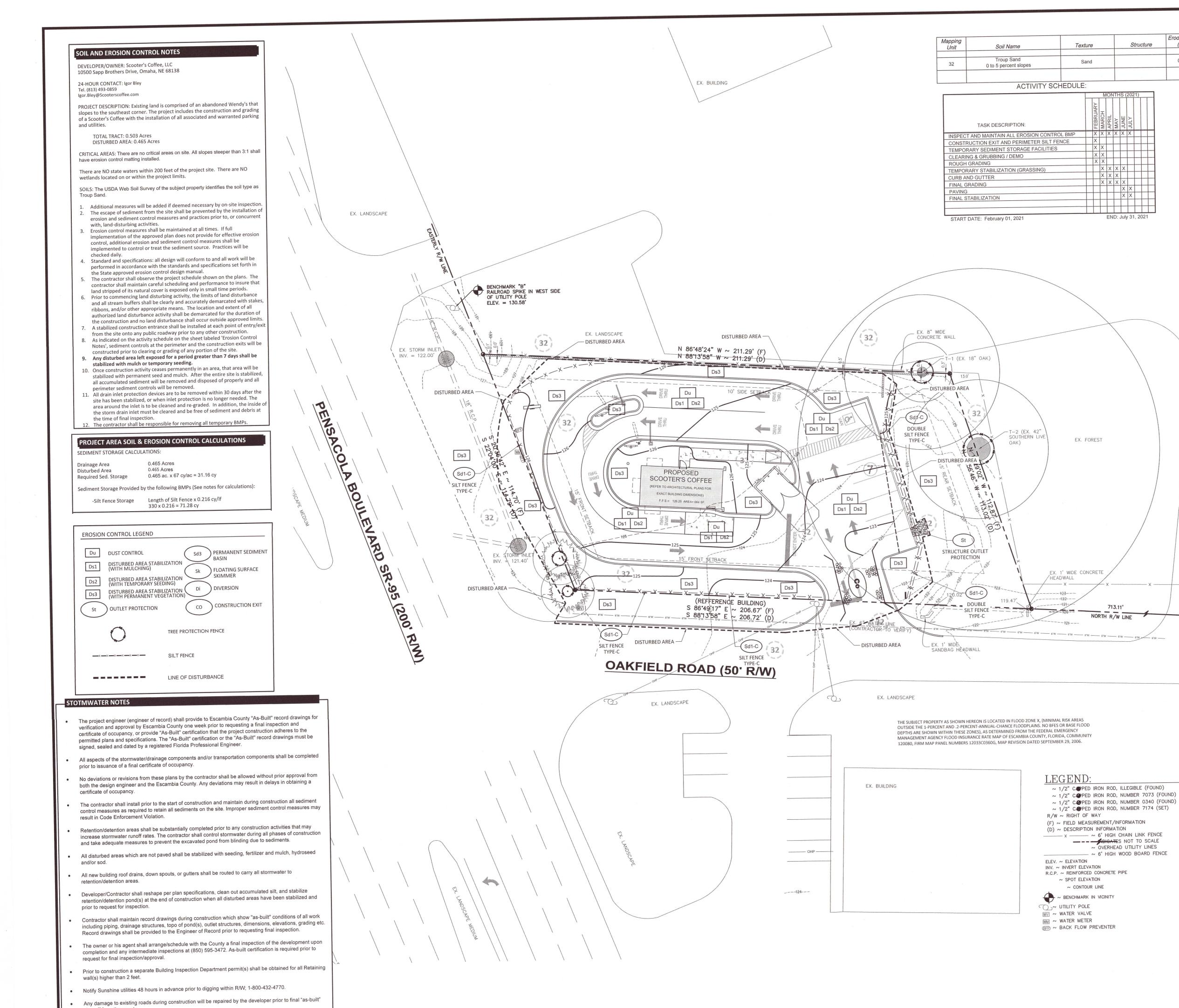
PROJECT NAME:

SHEET TITLE:

**GRADING &** DRAINAGE PLAN

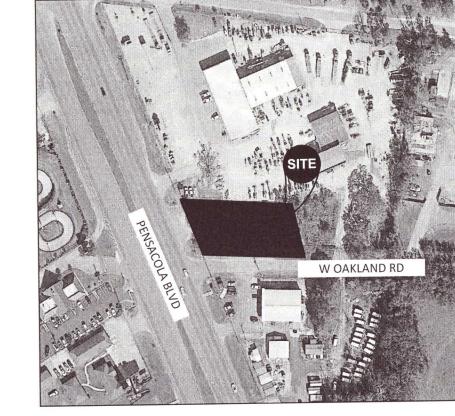
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PROJECT NUMBER: 21020SCR



sign off from the county.

The contractor shall notify FDOT 48 hours in advance prior to initiating any work in the state rights-of-way.



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0.02

END: July 31, 2021

713.11

NORTH R/W LINE

#### LOCATION MAP SCALE: N.T.S.

**PROJECT NOTES DEVELOPER:** Scooter's Coffee, LLC 10500 Sapp Brothers Drive Omaha, NE 68138 Contact: Igor Bley Tel. (813) 493-0859 Igor.Bley@Scooterscoffee.com **ENGINEER:** Carter Engineering Consultants, Inc. 3651 Mars Hill Road, Suite 2000

Watkinsville, GA 30677 Contact: Jeff Carter, P.E. Tel. (770) 725-1200 jeff@carterengineering.net Property located at Parcel No. :

6800 N Pensacola Blvd, Escambia County, FL 32505 27-1S-30-3101-002-060 HC/LI - Heavy commercial and light industrial Current Zoning: Future Land Use: C - Commercial

> Front: 15 feet Rear: 15 feet Side: 10 feet **Existing Commercial Building** Scooter's Coffee with all associated utilities

Maximum Building Height 150 Feet 0.503 Acres **Project Tract** 

0.465 Acres Disturbed Area

Boundary, Site Survey and Contour Information obtained from boundary and topographical survey provided by Merrill Parker Shaw, Inc.. Dated 7/20/21. Phone: (850) 478-4923

Contour interval is 1 ft

Setbacks:

Existing use

Proposed use

F.E.M.A. Flood Insurance Rate Map 12033C0360G, effective on 09/29/2006 indicates that this property is located in "Zone X".

The underground utilities shown hereon have been located from field information and existing drawings. The surveyor nor engineer warrants that the underground utilities shown comprise all such utilities in the area, either in service or abandoned. The surveyor nor engineer warrants that the underground utilities shown are in the exact location indicated. The surveyor nor engineer has physically located all the underground utilities.

It is the responsibility of the contractor to field locate all utilities prior to commencing work and notify engineer if a discrepancy is found.

The contractor shall verify the invert elevations of all existing storm and sanitary sewer structures prior to commencement of storm and sanitary sewer

UNDERGROUND UTILITIES DISCLAIMER formation regarding the reputed presence, size, character and location of existing underground utilities and structures related to underground utilities is shown heron. There is no certainty of the accuracy of this information and it shall be considered in that light by those using this drawing. The location and arrangement of underground utilities and structures related to underground utilities shown hereon may be inaccurate and utilities and structures related to underground utilities not shown may be encountered. The owner, his employees, his consultants and his contractors shall hereby distinctly understand that the surveyor is not responsible for the correctness or sufficiency of this information regarding the underground utilities and structures related to underground utilities shown hereon.



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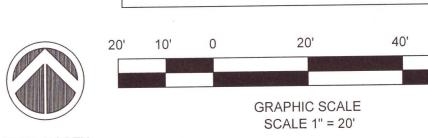
PROJECT NAME:

SHEET TITLE:

SOIL AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN

SHEET NUMBER:

PROJECT NUMBER: 21020SCR



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#### **TEMPORARY SEEDING**

Definition Planting rapid-growing annual grasses, small grains, or legumes to provide initial, temporary cover for erosion control on disturbed areas.

Purpose To temporarily stabilize denuded areas that will not be brought to final grade for a period of more than 21 calendar days.

Temporary seeding controls runoff and erosion until permanent vegetation or other erosion control measures can be established. In addition, it provides residue for soil protection and seedbed preparation, and reduces problems of mud and dust production from bare soil surfaces during construction.

Conditions Where On any cleared, unvegetated, or sparsely vegetated soil surface where vegetative cover is needed for less than 1 year. Applications of this practice Practice Applies include diversions, dams, temporary sediment basins, temporary road banks, and topsoil stockpiles.

Planning Annual plants, which sprout and grow rapidly and survive for only one season, are suitable for establishing initial or temporary vegetative cover. Temporary Considerations are suitable for establishing attentions and seeding preserves the integrity of earthen sediment control structures such seeding preserves the integrity of earthen sediment control structures such as dikes, diversions, and the banks of dams and sediment basins. It can also reduce the amount of maintenance associated with these devices. For example, the frequency of sediment basin cleanouts will be reduced if watershed areas, outside the active construction zone, are stabilized.

> Proper seedbed preparation, selection of appropriate species, and use of quality seed are as important in this Practice as in Practice 6.11, Permanent Seeding. Failure to follow established guidelines and recommendations carefully may result in an inadequate or short-lived stand of vegetation that will not control

> Temporary seeding provides protection for no more than 1 year, during which time permanent stabilization should be initiated.

Specifications Complete grading before preparing seedbeds, and install all necessary erosion control practices such as, dikes, waterways, and basins. Minimize steep slopes because they make seedbed preparation difficult and increase the erosion hazard. If soils become compacted during grading, loosen them to a depth of 6-8 inches using a ripper, harrow, or chisel plow.

> SEEDBED PREPARATION Good seedbed preparation is essential to successful plant establishment. A good seedbed is well-pulverized, loose, and uniform. Where hydroseeding methods are used, the surface may be left with a more irregular surface of large clods and stones.

> Liming—Apply lime according to soil test recommendations. If the pH (acidity) of the soil is not known, an application of ground agricultural limestone at the rate of 1 to 1 1/2 tons/acre on coarse-textured soils and 2-3 tons/acre on finetextured soils is usually sufficient. Apply limestone uniformly and incorporate into the top 4-6 inches of soil. Soils with a pH of 6 or higher need not be

> Fertilizer—Base application rates on soil tests. When these are not possible, apply a 10-10-10 grade fertilizer at 700-1,000 lb/acre. Both fertilizer and lime should be incorporated into the top 4-6 inches of soil. If a hydraulic seeder is used, do not mix seed and fertilizer more than 30 minutes before application.

Surface roughening—If recent tillage operations have resulted in a loose surface, additional roughening may not be required, except to break up large clods. If rainfall causes the surface to become sealed or crusted, loosen it just prior to seeding by disking, raking, harrowing, or other suitable methods. Groove or furrow slopes steeper than 3:1 on the contour before seeding (Practice 6.03, Surface Roughening).

Select an appropriate species or species mixture from Table 6.10a for seeding in late winter and early spring, Table 6.10b for summer, and Table 6.10c for

In the Mountains, December and January seedings have poor chances of success. When it is necessary to plant at these times, use recommendations for fall and a securely tacked mulch.

Evenly apply seed using a cyclone seeder (broadcast), drill, cultipacker seeder, or hydroseeder. Use seeding rates given in Tables 6.10a-6.10c. Broadcast seeding and hydroseeding are appropriate for steep slopes where equipment cannot be driven. Hand broadcasting is not recommended because of the difficulty in achieving a uniform distribution.

Small grains should be planted no more than 1 inch deep, and grasses and or chain dragging, and then lightly firmed with a roller or cultipacker. Hydroseeded mixtures should include a wood fiber (cellulose) mulch.

The use of an appropriate mulch will help ensure establishment under normal conditions and is essential to seeding success under harsh site conditions (Practice 6.14, *Mulching*). Harsh site conditions include:

· seeding in fall for winter cover (wood fiber mulches are not considered adequate for this use),

• slopes steeper than 3:1.

· excessively hot or dry weather,

· adverse soils (shallow, rocky, or high in clay or sand), and · areas receiving concentrated flow.

If the area to be mulched is subject to concentrated waterflow, as in channels,

anchor mulch with netting (Practice 6.14, Mulching).

Maintenance Reseed and mulch areas where seedling emergence is poor, or where erosion occurs, as soon as possible. Do not mow. Protect from traffic as much as

Table 6.10a Temporary Seeding Recommendations for Late Winter/Early Spring

Seeding mixture Species	Rate (lb/acre)
Rye (grain)	120
Annual lespedeza (Kobe in Piedmont and Coastal Plain,	
Korean in Mountains)	50

Omit annual lespedeza when duration of temporary cover is not to extend beyond June.

Seeding dates Mountains—Above 2500 feet: Feb. 15 - May 15 Below 2500 feet: Feb. 1- May 1 Piedmont-Jan. 1 - May 1 Coastal Plain—Dec. 1 - Apr. 15

Soil amendments Follow recommendations of soil tests or apply 2,000 lb/acre ground agricultural limestone and 750 lb/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer.

Apply 4,000 lb/acre straw. Anchor straw by tacking with asphalt, netting, or a mulch anchoring tool. A disk with blades set nearly straight can be used as a mulch anchoring tool.

Refertilize if growth is not fully adequate. Reseed, refertilize and mulch immediately following erosion or other damage.

Table 6.10b Temporary Seeding Recommendations for Summer Seeding mixture

German millet In the Piedmont and Mountains, a small-stemmed Sudangrass may be substituted at a rate of 50 lb/acre.

Rate (lb/acre)

Mountains—May 15 - Aug. 15 Coastal Plain-Apr. 15 - Aug. 15

Soil amendments Follow recommendations of soil tests or apply 2,000 lb/acre ground agricultural limestone and 750 lb/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer.

Apply 4,000 lb/acre straw. Anchor straw by tacking with asphalt, netting, or a mulch anchoring tool. A disk with blades set nearly straight can be used as a mulch anchoring tool.

Refertilize if growth is not fully adequate. Reseed, refertilize and mulch mediately following erosion or other damage.

SEDIMENT FENCE

Definition A temporary sediment control measure consisting of fabric buried at the bottom, stretched, and supported by posts.

Purpose To retain sediment from small disturbed areas by reducing the velocity of sheet flows to allow sediment deposition.

Conditions Where Below small-disturbed areas that are less then ¼ acre per 100 feet of fence. Practice Applies Where runoff can be stored behind the sediment fence without damaging the fence or the submerged area behind the fence.

> Do not install sediment fences across streams, ditches, or waterways, or other areas of concentrated flow.

Sediment fence should be placed along topographic elevation contours, where it can intercept stormwater runoff that is in dispersed sheet flow. Sediment fence should not be used alone below graded slopes greater than 10 feet in

Planning A sediment fence is a system to retain sediment on the construction site. The fence retains sediment primarily by retarding flow and promoting deposition Considerations In operation, generally the fence becomes clogged with fine particles, which reduce the flow rate. This causes a pond to develop behind the fence. The designer should anticipate ponding and provide sufficient storage areas and overflow outlets to prevent flows from overtopping the fence. Since sediment fences are not designed to withstand high water levels, locate them so that only shallow pools can form. Tie the ends of a sediment fence into higher ground to prevent flow around the end of the fence before the pool reaches design level. Curling each end of the fence uphill in a "J" pattern may be appropriate to prevent end flow. Provide stabilized outlets to protect the fence system and release storm flows that exceed the design storm.

Deposition occurs as the storage pool forms behind the fence. The designer can direct flows to specified deposition areas through appropriate positioning of the fence or by providing an excavated area behind the fence. Plan deposition areas at accessible points to promote routine cleanout and maintenance. Show deposition areas in the erosion and sedimentation control plan. A sediment fence acts as a diversion if placed slightly off the contour. A maximum slope of 2 percent is recommended. This technique may be used to control shallow, uniform flows from small disturbed areas and to deliver sediment-laden water to deposition areas. The anchoring of the toe of the fence should be reinforced with 12 inches of NC DOT #5 or #57 washed stone when flow will run parallel to the toe of the fence.

Sediment fences serve no function along ridges or near drainage divides where there is little movement of water. Confining or diverting runoff unnecessarily with a sediment fence may create erosion and sedimentation problems that would not otherwise occur.

Straw barriers have only a 0-20% trapping efficiency and are inadequate. Straw bales may not be used in place of sediment fence. Prefabricated sediment fence with the fabric already stapled to thin wooden posts does not meet minimum standards specified later in this section.

Anchoring of sediment fence is critical. The toe of the fabric must be anchored in a trench backfilled with compacted earth. Mechanical compaction must be provided in order for the fence to effectively pond runoff.

Design Criteria Ensure that drainage area is no greater than 1/4 acre per 100 feet of fence. This is the maximum drainage area when the slope is less than 2 percent. Where all runoff is to be stored behind the fence, ensure that the maximum slope length behind a sediment fence does not exceed the specifications shown in Table 6.62a. The shorter slope length allowed for steeper slopes will greatly reduce the maximum drainage area. For example, a 10-20 % slope may have a maximum slope length of 25 feet. For a 100-foot length of sediment fence, the drainage area would be 25ft X 100ft = 2500sq.ft., or 0.06 acres.

#### Table 6.62a Maximum Slope Length and Slope for which Sediment Fence is Applicable

Slope	Slope Length (ft)	Maximum Area (ft²)
<2%	100	10,000
2 to 5%	75	7,500
5 to 10%	50	5,000
10 to 20%	25	2,500
>20%	15	1,500

Make the fence stable for the 10-year peak storm runoff. Ensure that the depth of impounded water does not exceed 1.5 feet at any point along the fence.

If non-erosive outlets are provided, slope length may be increased beyond that shown in Table 6.62a, but runoff from the area should be determined and bypass capacity and erosion potential along the fence must be checked. The velocity of the flow at the outlet or along the fence should be in keeping with Table 8.05d, Appendix 8.05.

Provide a riprap splash pad or other outlet protection device for any point where flow may overtop the sediment fence, such as natural depressions or swales. Ensure that the maximum height of the fence at a protected, reinforced outlet does not exceed 2 feet and that support post spacing does not exceed 4

The design life of a synthetic sediment fence should be 6 months.

Construction MATERIALS

Specifications

1. Use a synthetic filter fabric of at least 95% by weight of polyolefins or polyester, which is certified by the manufacturer or supplier as conforming to the requirements in ASTM D 6461, which is shown in part in Table 6.62b. Synthetic filter fabric should contain ultraviolet ray inhibitors and stabilizers to provide a minimum of 6 months of expected usable construction life at a temperature range of 0 to 120° F.

> 2. Ensure that posts for sediment fences are 1.25 lb/linear ft minimum steel with a minimum length of 5 feet. Make sure that steel posts have projections to facilitate fastening the fabric.

3. For reinforcement of standard strength filter fabric, use wire fence with a minimum 14 gauge and a maximum mesh spacing of 6 inches.

Table 6.62b Specifications For Sediment Fence Fabric

Temporary Silt Fence Material Property Requirements							
Supported¹ Un-Supported¹ Typ Test Material Units Silt Fence Va							
Grab Strength	ASTM D 4632	N (lbs)					
Machine Direction			400	550	MARV		
			(90)	(90)			
X-Machine Direction			400	450	MARV		
			(90)	(90)			
Permittivity <sup>2</sup>	ASTM D 4491	sec-1	0.05	0.05	MARV		
Apparent Opening Size <sup>2</sup>	ASTM D 4751	mm	0.60	0.60	Max. ARV		
		(US Sieve #)	(30)	(30)			
		%	70% after	70% after			

500h of exposure 500h of exposure Silt Fence support shall consist of 14 gage steel wire with a mesh spacing of 150 mm (6 inches), or prefabricated poylmer mesh of <sup>2</sup> These default values are based on empirical evidence with a variety of sediment. For environmentally sensitive areas, a review of evious experience and/or site or regionally specific geotextile tests in accordance with Test Method D 5141 should be performed by the agency to confirm suitability of these requirements As measured in accordance with Test Method D 4632

CONSTRUCTION

1. Construct the sediment barrier of standard strength or extra strength synthetic filter fabrics.

2. Ensure that the height of the sediment fence does not exceed 24 inches above the ground surface. (Higher fences may impound volumes of water sufficient to cause failure of the structure.)

3. Construct the filter fabric from a continuous roll cut to the length of the

barrier to avoid joints. When joints are necessary, securely fasten the filter cloth only at a support post with 4 feet minimum overlap to the next post. 4. Support standard strength filter fabric by wire mesh fastened securely to the upslope side of the posts. Extend the wire mesh support to the bottom of

the trench. Fasten the wire reinforcement, then fabric on the upslope side of the fence post. Wire or plastic zip ties should have minimum 50 pound tensile 5. When a wire mesh support fence is used, space posts a maximum of 8 feet apart. Support posts should be driven securely into the ground a minimum of

6. Extra strength filter fabric with 6 feet post spacing does not require wire mesh support fence. Securely fasten the filter fabric directly to posts. Wire or plastic zip ties should have minimum 50 pound tensile strength.

Installation 1. The base of both end posts should be at least one foot higher than the middle of the fence. Check with a level if necessary. Specifications

2. Install posts 4 feet apart in critical areas and 6 feet apart on standard

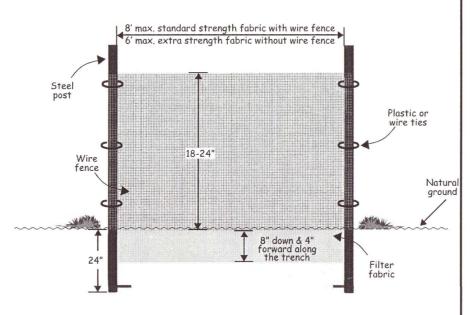
3. Install posts 2 feet deep on the downstream side of the silt fence, and as close as possible to the fabric, enabling posts to support the fabric from

4. Install posts with the nipples facing away from the silt fabric. 5. Attach the fabric to each post with three ties, all spaced within the top 8 inches of the fabric. Attach each tie diagonally 45 degrees through the fabric, with each puncture at least 1 inch vertically apart. Also, each tie should be positioned to hang on a post nipple when tightened to prevent sagging.

6. Wrap approximately 6 inches of fabric around the end posts and secure 7. No more than 24 inches of a 36 inch fabric is allowed above ground

level. 8. The installation should be checked and corrected for any deviations before

9. Compaction is vitally important for effective results. Compact the soil immediately next to the silt fence fabric with the front wheel of the tractor, skid steer, or roller exerting at least 60 pounds per square inch. Compact the upstream side first, and then each side twice for a total of 4 trips.



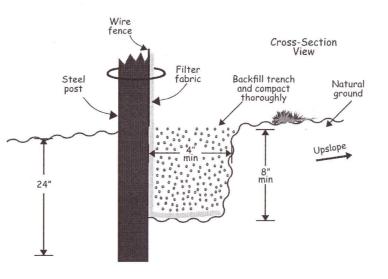


Figure 6.62a Installation detail of a sediment fence.

Maintenance Inspect sediment fences at least once a week and after each rainfall. Make any required repairs immediately.

> Should the fabric of a sediment fence collapse, tear, decompose or become ineffective, replace it promptly Remove sediment deposits as necessary to provide adequate storage volume

undermining the fence during cleanout. Remove all fencing materials and unstable sediment deposits and bring the area to grade and stabilize it after the contributing drainage area has been properly stabilized.

References ASTM D 6461 – 99. "Standard Specification for Silt Fence Materials" ASTM International. For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. Fo Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's

Document Summary page on the ASTM website. ASTM D 6462 - 03. "Standard Practice for Silt Fence Installation" ASTM International. For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's

Document Summary page on the ASTM website. C. Joel Sprague, PE, Silt Fence Performance Limits and Installation Requirements. Sprague and Sprague Consulting Engineers and TRI Environmental, Inc.

Carpenter Erosion Control. http://www.tommy-sfm.com/ Kentucky Erosion Prevention and Sediment Control Field Manual, 2004.

Runoff Control Measures 6.20, Temporary Diversions Outlet Protection

6.41, Outlet Stabilization Structure

8.03, Estimating Runoff

/DC

Planning Construction activities that disturb soil can be a significant source of air Considerations pollution. Large quantities of dust can be generated, especially in "heavy" construction activities such as land grading for road construction and commercial, industrial, or subdivision development

Purpose To prevent surface and air movement of dust from disturbed soil surfaces that

may cause off-site damage, health hazards, and traffic safety problems.

TEMPORARY GRAVEL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT

Definition A graveled area or pad located at points where vehicles enter and leave a

Purpose To provide a buffer area where vehicles can drop their mud and sediment to

Conditions Where Wherever traffic will be leaving a construction site and moving directly onto a

Practice Applies public road or other paved off-site area. Construction plans should limit traffic to properly constructed entrances.

avoid transporting it onto public roads, to control erosion from surface runoff,

Width: 12-feet minimum or full width at all points of the vehicular

Location—Locate construction entrances and exits to limit sediment from

leaving the site and to provide for maximum utility by all construction vehicles

Washing—If conditions at the site are such that most of the mud and sediment

are not removed by vehicles traveling over the gravel, the tires should be

washed. Washing should be done on an area stabilized with crushed stone

2. Place the gravel to the specific grade and dimensions shown on the plans,

3. Provide drainage to carry water to a sediment trap or other suitable

4. Use geotextile fabrics because they improve stability of the foundation in

leaving the construction site. This may require periodic topdressing with 2-

inch stone. After each rainfall, inspect any structure used to trap sediment

and clean it out as necessary. Immediately remove all objectionable materials

**DUST CONTROL** 

may also be used to make washing more convenient and effective.

Construction 1. Clear the entrance and exit area of all vegetation, roots, and other

locations subject to seepage or high water table.

spilled, washed, or tracked onto public roadways.

Maintenance Maintain the gravel pad in a condition to prevent mud or sediment from

that drains into a sediment trap or other suitable disposal area. A wash rack

(Figure 6.06a). Avoid steep grades, and entrances at curves in public roads.

entrance and exit area, whichever is greater

construction site.

and to help control dust.

Design Criteria Aggregate Size—Use 2-3 inch washed stone.

Dimensions of gravel pad-

Thickness: 6 inches minimum

Length: 50-feet minimum

Figure 6.06a Gravel entrance/exit keeps sediment from leaving the construction site (modified from Va SWCC)

Specifications objectionable material and properly grade it.

and smooth it.

References Runoff Conveyance Measures

6.30. Grass-lined Channels

Sediment Traps and Barriers

6.60, Temporary Sediment Trap

**Definition** The control of dust resulting from land-disturbing activities.

Conditions Where On construction routes and other disturbed areas subject to surface dust

Practice Applies movement, and dust blowing where off-site damage may occur if dust is not controlled.

In planning for dust control, it is important to schedule construction operations so that the least area is disturbed at one time.

Leave undisturbed buffer areas between graded areas wherever possible. The greatest dust problems occur when the probability of rainfall erosion is least. Therefore, do not expose large areas of soil, especially during drought conditions.

Install temporary or permanent surface stabilization measures immediately after completing land grading.

Design Criteria No formal design procedure is given for dust control. See Construction Specifications below for the most common dust control methods.

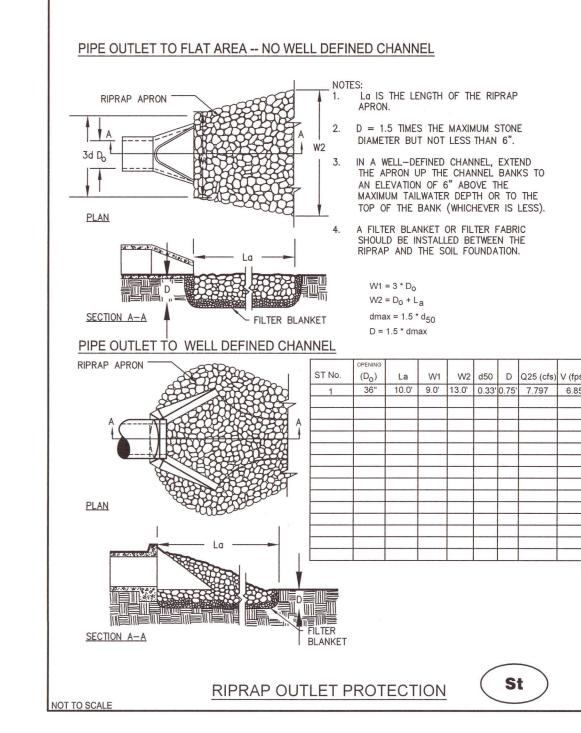
Construction Vegetative cover—For disturbed areas not subject to traffic, vegetation

Specifications provides the most practical method of dust control (References: Surface Mulch (including gravel mulch)—When properly applied, mulch offers a

fast, effective means of controlling dust. Spray-on adhesive—Examples of spray-on adhesives for use on mineral soils are presented in Table 6.84a.

Table 6.84a Spray-on Adhesive for Dust Control on Mineral Soil

Gallons/Acre Anionic asphalt Coarse Spray emulsion 12.5:1 Fine Spray Latex emulsion 235 Fine Spray Resin in water 4:1 300



LEAST 18-IN, INTO THE GROUND BEFORE INSTALLING WIRE AND BOCK

A MUNIMUM GAP EQUAL TO THE PIPE DIAMETER MUST EXIST

HETWEN THE THE AND OPENING

ROCK BARRIER MUST HAVE A MINIMUM HEIGHT OF 24-IN.

SUPPORT WIRE HAVING D.5-IN. OPENINGS

SECURED TO METAL POSTS

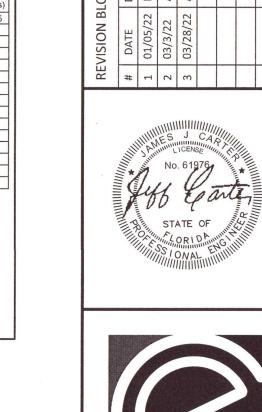
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MANDOM SPACING BETWEEN METAL POSTS WILL NOT RECERD 6.0 PT.

FRONT VIEW





Carter Engineering Consultants, Inc 3651 Mars Hill Road, Suite 2000 Watkinsville, GA 30677

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C 2001 ##----ROCK BARRIER OUTLET STRUCTURE FOR CULVERTS

REQUIRED FOR ALL INSTALLED BMPS

1. AT LEAST EVERY 7 DAYS DURING THE RAINFALL SEASON, INSPECT AND REPAIR ANY

DAMAGE FOUND. WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER RUNOFF EVENTS, INSPECT AND REPAIR ANY DAMAGE FOUND. AT LEAST EVERY 30 DAYS DURING THE WINTER MONTHS, INSPECT AND REPAIR ANY

SHEET TITLE:

ROSION CONTRO DETAILS

SHEET NUMBER:

PROJECT NUMBER: 21020SCR

### Grass Channel

Grass channels are vegetated open channels designed to enhance water quality by settling suspended solids through filtration, infiltration, and biofiltration. This practice offers a method to manage pollution while also conveying stormwater runoff. Grass channels are well suited to a number of applications and land uses, including treating runoff from roads and highways and pervious surfaces. Grass channels are broad and shallow channels that are generally positioned parallel to roadways or other impervious areas. They can also be used as a single BMP, a pretreatment to another BMP, or as a link between other BMPs.



There are some common problems to be aware of when maintaining a grass channel. They include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Trash, litter, and debris accumulation
- Watering the practice during dry periods
- Establishing vegetation within the grass channel
- Clogging in the inlet and outlet pipes
- Ant mounds

Erosion

Routine inspection and maintenance should be performed on the grass channels to ensure that the practice is functioning properly. Routine maintenance tasks include removing trash from the grass channel and ensuring that grass clippings and other debris are removed from the channel.

In order to keep the water that exits the grass channel clean, fertilizers should only be used sparingly during the establishment of the practice. Once the vegetation in the practice has been established, fertilizers should not be used. While vegetation in the grass channel is important, a primary purpose of a grass channel is to act as a water quality device and introducing fertilizers into the grass channel introduces nutrients such as phosphorus and nitrogen that can pollute downstream waters. To control animal nuisances and invasive species, pesticides (including herbicides, fungicides, insecticides, or nematode control agents) should be used sparingly and only if necessary.

The table on the following page show routine maintenance activities typically associated with grass

#### Area is clean (trash, debris, grass clippings, etc. removed). Drainage ways (overland flow or pipes) to the practice are free of trash, debris, large branches, etc. Area around the inlet is mowed and grass clippings are removed. No evidence of gullies, rills, or excessive erosion around the inlet. No signs of clogging or damage around the Forebay – area is free of trash, debris, and sediment. Filter Strip or Grass Channels – area is free of trash debris and sediment. Area has been mowed and grass clippings are removed. No evidence of erosion. Main treatment area is free of trash, debris, and sediment. No evidence of erosion in the practice. No evidence of long-term ponding or standing water in the ponding area of the practice (examples include: stains, odors, mosquito larvae, etc). No undesirable vegetation located within the practice. No evidence of use of fertilizer on plants (fertilizer crusting on the surface of the soil, blackened roots, etc.). Grass within and around practice is maintained at the proper height (3-4 inches). Grass clippings are removed. Grass cover seems healthy with no bare spots or dying grass.

Grass Channel

Comment

Maintenance Item

Access to the site is adequately maintained

for inspection and maintenance.

#### Operations & Maintenance Guidance Document

#### Grass Channel Typical Routine Maintenance Activities and Schedule

Grass Channel Typical Routine Maintenance Activities and Schedule				
	Activity	Schedule		
•	Mow grass to maintain a height of 3 to 4 inches. Remove grass clippings. Repair eroded or bare spots.	As needed		
•	Remove accumulated sediment, trash, and debris.  Water the practice during dry condition while vegetation is establishing.			
•	Inspect grass alongside slopes for erosion and formation of rills or gullies and correct.			
•	Remove sediment from bottom of channel once sediment is 25% of the original design volume.	Annually (Semi- annually the first year		
•	Remove trash and debris accumulated in the inflow forebay.  Inspect and correct erosion problems in the sand/soil bed of dry swales.	and then annually thereafter)		
•	Based on inspection, plant an alternative grass species if the original grass cover has not been successfully established.	merealter)		
	Inspect pea gravel diaphragm for clogging and correct the problem.			

#### perations & Maintenance Guidance Document

appropriate comment box.

***	Condition				
Maintenance Item	Good	Marginal	Poor	N/A	Comment
No accumulating sediment within the grass channel.					
	ing out	at III.	in a		
Outlet is free of trash, debris, and sediment.					
No evidence of erosion, scour, or flooding.					
	Rest	its			
Overall condition of Grass Channel:			***************************************		
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O	ditional	John Men Sil			

Notes: \* If a specific maintenance item was not checked, please check N/A and explain why in the

E DESCRIPTION
5/22 INITIAL SUBMITTAL
7/22 ADDRESS CITY COMMENTS
8/22 ADDRESS CITY COMMENTS





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ANS

DEVELOPMENT PLAI for SCOOTER'S COFFEE



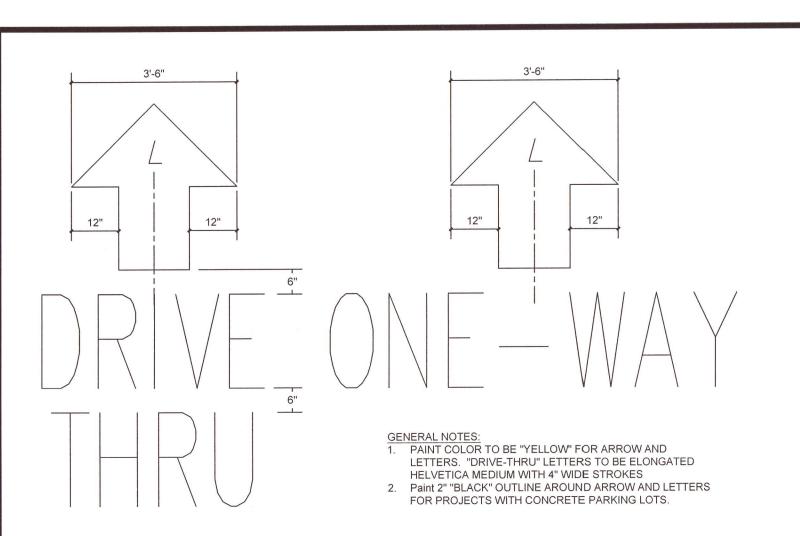
SHEET TITI

EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

SHEET NUMBER:

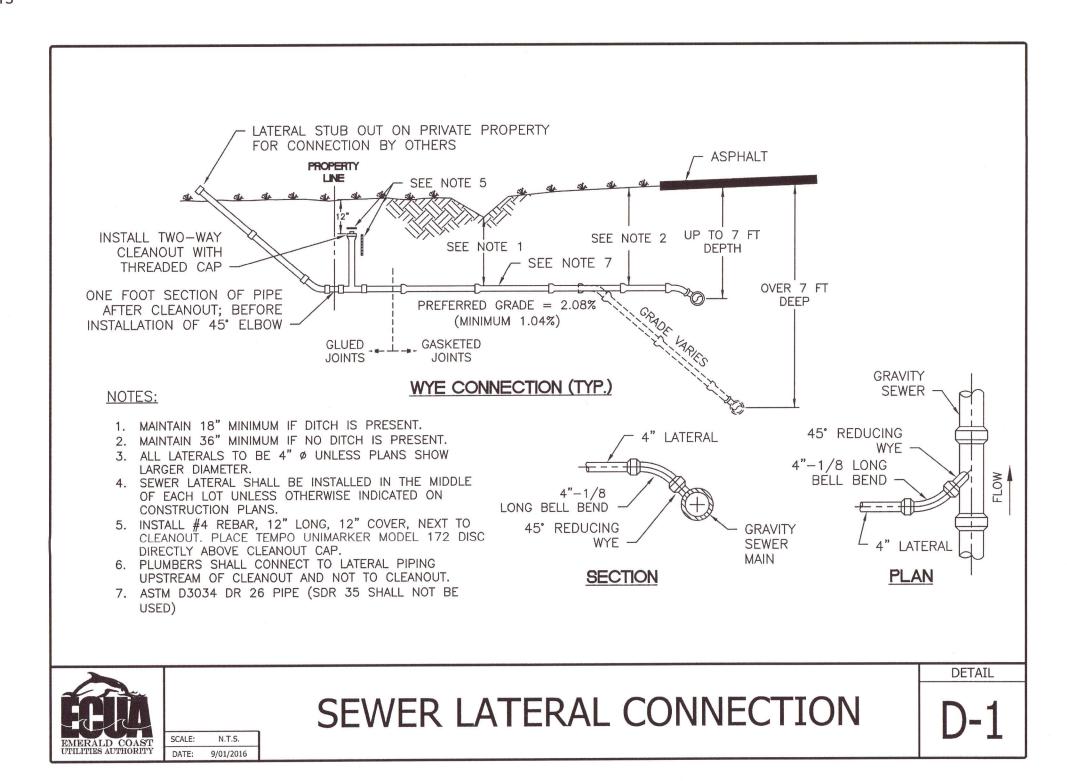
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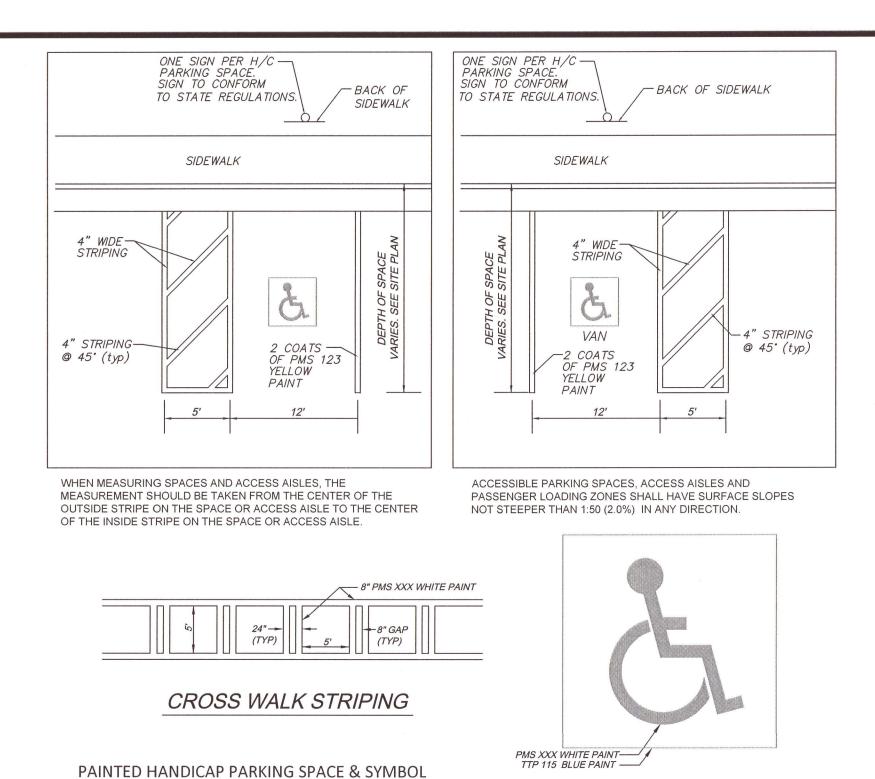
PROJECT NUMBER: 21020SCR

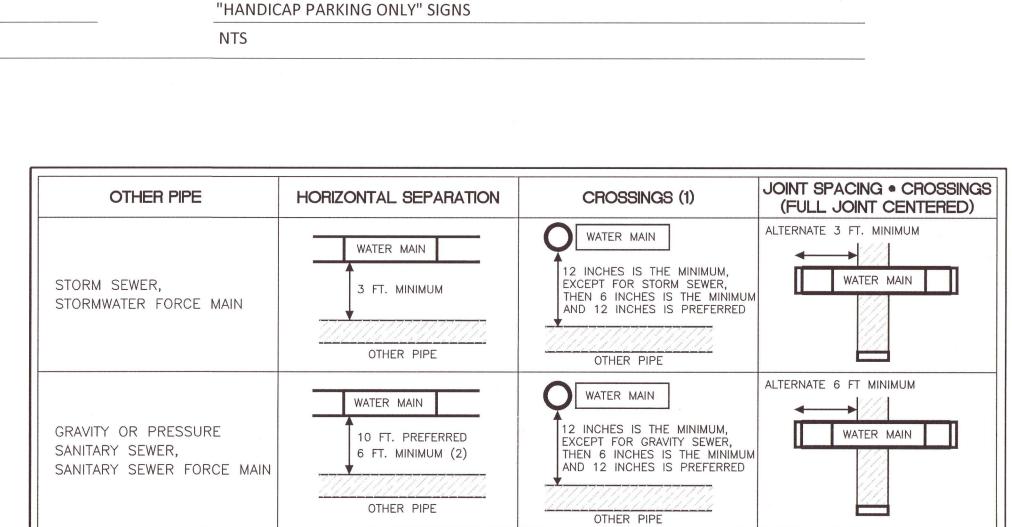


MARKING DETAIL

NTS







HANDICAP ACCESSIBLE SIGN TYPE 12" x 18" ALUMINUM

MIN. HEIGHT TO BE 84" ABOVE PARKING LOT ELEVATION TO THE

GALVANIZED STEEL POST

- 6" DIA. PIPE WITH CONCRETE FILL-—— SLOPE CONCRETE AWAY FROM BOLLARD

NOTES:

1. SIGNS ARE TO BE MOUNTED TO A GALVANIZED STEEL POST FROM

2. ALL SIGNS MUST BE INSTALLED PERPENDICULAR TO THE PARKING

60" ABOVE FINISH GRADE TO THE BOTTOM OF SIGN.

STALL (ESPECIALLY ON ANGLED PARKING)

→ GALVANIZED STEEL POST SET 48" (MIN.) IN PIPE BOLLARD — TÀT

BOTTOM OF SIGN

VAN ACCESSIBLE SIGN TYPE ALUMINUM PERMIT PARKING ONLY

TOW-AWAY ZONE

\$250 MAX

DETAIL "B"

ACCESSABLE" SIGN

WITHOUT "VAN

-POURED CONCRETE

PERMIT PARKING ONLY

TOW-AWAY ZONE

DETAIL "A"

WITH "VAN

ACCESSABLE" SIGN

NOTES:

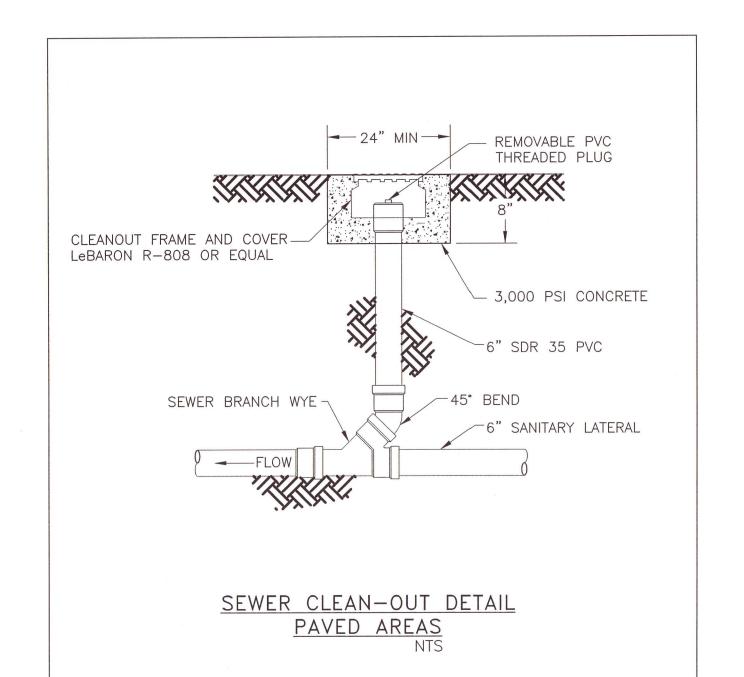
A. INFORMATION PROVIDED FROM FDEP RULE 62-555. IF OTHER FDEP RULES CONFLICT. THEN USE THE MOST STRINGENT RULE.

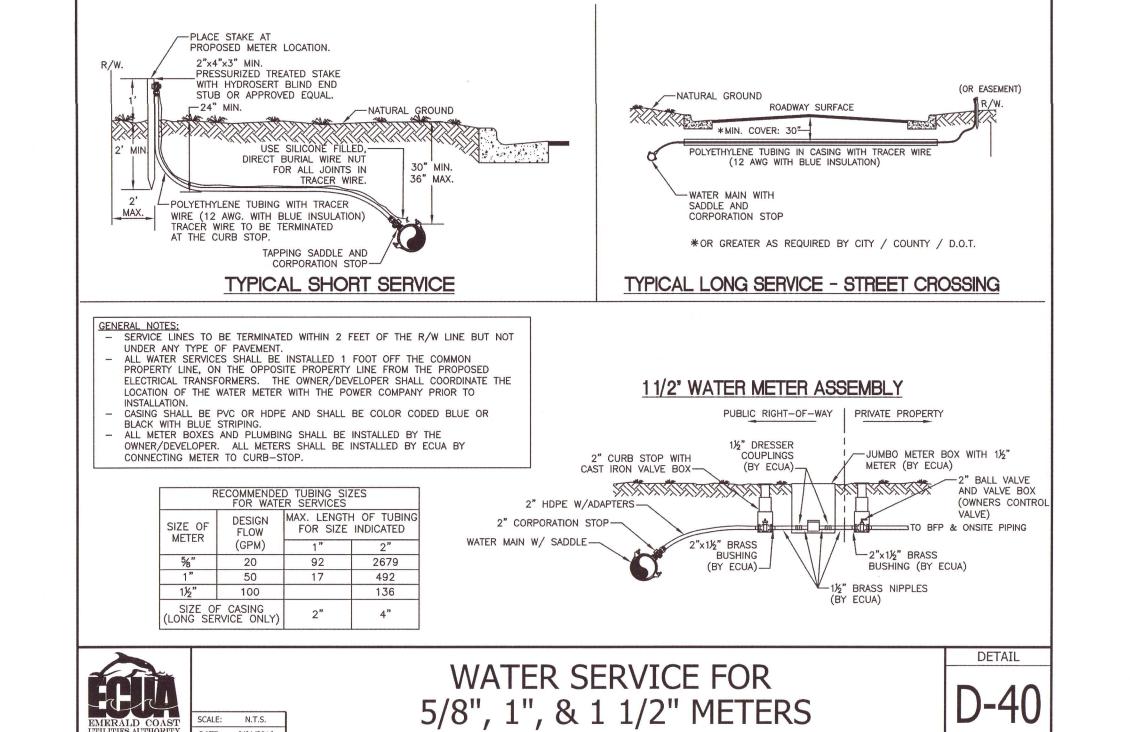
(1) WATER MAIN SHOULD CROSS ABOVE OTHER PIPE. WHEN WATER MAIN MUST BE BELOW OTHER PIPE, THE MINIMUM SEPARATION IS 12 INCHES.

(2) 3 FT. GRAVITY SANITARY SEWER WHERE THE BOTTOM OF THE WATER MAIN IS LAID AT LEAST 6 INCHES ABOVE THE TOP OF THE GRAVITY SANITARY SEWER.

B. IF THERE ARE CONFLICTS IN THE SEPARATION REQUIREMENTS BETWEEN COLLECTION SYSTEMS AND DRINKING WATER FACILITIES ESTABLISHED IN FOOTNOTES (1) AND (2) ABOVE AND THOSE ESTABLISHED IN CHAPTER 62-532 OR 62-555, F.A.C., THEN THE REQUIREMENTS IN CHAPTER 62-532 OR 62-555,

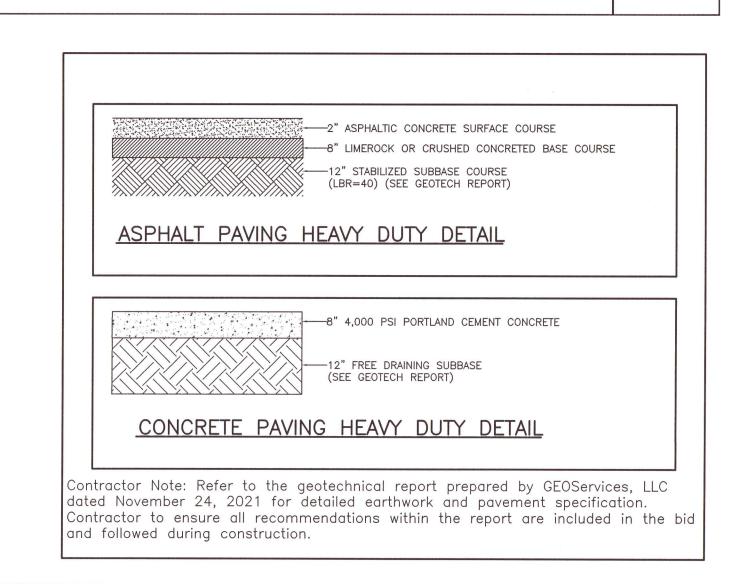
WATER / SEWER **SEPARATION** 

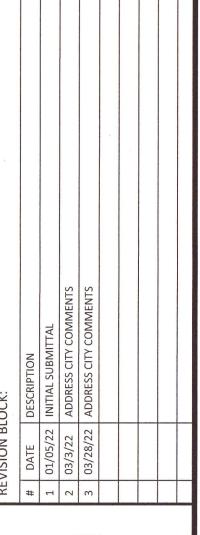




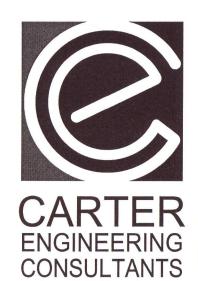
HANDICAP PARKING SPACE DETAILS

NTS









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SHEET TITLE:

**STANDARD DETAILS** 

SHEET NUMBER:

PROJECT NUMBER: 21020SCR 03/28/22

#### **PLANT SCHEDULE** LANDSCAPE INSTALLATION AND PROJECT NOTES CAL./GAL. TYPE **COMMON NAME** SPACING **BOTANICAL NAME** TOTAL QTY GENERAL PLANTING NOTES THE CONTRACTOR SHALL LOCATE AND VERIFY ALL EXISTING AND NEW UTILITY LINE LOCATIONS PRIOR TO PLANTING, AND SHALL REPORT ANY CONFLICTS TO THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROTECTION **ANOPY TREEES** OF ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES DURING THE LIFE OF THE PROJECT. 3" As Shown Container 5' / 4' Red Maple 3 Acer rubrum THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR REPAIR OF ANY DAMAGE INCURRED DURING THE EXECUTION OF HIS WORK. ERGREEN SHRUBS THE CONTRACTOR SHALL STAKE ALL TREE LOCATIONS IN THE FIELD AND THE STAKED LOCATIONS SHALL BE REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY CARTER ENGINEERING. CARTER ENGINEERING MAY MAKE MINOR ADJUSTMENTS TO THE LAYOUT WITHOUT INCURRING 11 Rosa 'Knockout ROUNDCOVERS, PERENNIALS, AND TURF GRASS MULCH ALL PLANT AREAS FOR TREES AND SHRUBS WITH 3" LAYER OF DOUBLE GROUND 0,635 SQ. FT Sod (as directed by owner) ANY PROPOSED SUBSTITUTIONS OF PLANT SPECIES WILL BE WITH PLANTS WITH EQUIVALENT OVERALL FORM, HEIGHT, BRANCHING HABIT, FLOWER COLOR, LEAF COLOR, FRUIT COLOR, AND TIME OF BLOOM, AS APPROVED BY CARTER ENGINEERING. SUBSTITUTIONS SHALL NOT BE MADE UNLESS DRAWINGS AND/OR WRITTEN REQUESTS ARE SUBMITTED TO CARTER ENGINEERING FOR APPROVAL. CARTER ENGINEERING SHALL DETERMINE EQUALITY BASED UPON COMPLETE INFORMATION SUBMITTED BY THE TREES: PROVIDE SPECIMEN BALLED AND BURLAPPED, OR AS SPECIFIED, TREES OF HEIGHT, SIZE, CALIPER, GENUS, SPECIES, CULTIVAR AND BRANCHING CONFIGURATION INDICATED. THE ROOT SYSTEM OF EACH SHALL BE WELL PROVIDED WITH FIBROUS ROOTS, ALL PARTS OF PLANT SHALL BE MOIST AND SHOW ACTIVE GREEN CAMBIUM EX. LANDSCAPE WHEN CUT. THEY SHALL BE FREE OF DISEASE, INSECT PESTS, EGGS OR LARVAE. ALL PLANTS TO BE MOVED BALLED AND BURLAPPED, MUST BE MOVED WITH THE ROOT SYSTEMS AS SOLID LINITS WITH BALLS OF FARTH FIRMLY WRAPPED WITH UNTREATED BURLAP, FIRMLY HELD IN PLACE BY A STOUT CORD OR WIRE, DRUM LACED, BOXED, OR PRUNING AND SHAPING: PRUNE, THIN OUT, AND SHAPE PLANTS IN COMPLIANCE WITH AMERICAN HORT'S 'AMERICAN STANDARD FOR NURSERY STOCK' TO PRESERVE THE NATURAL CHARACTER AND ONLY AS APPROVED BY CARTER ENGINEERING DESIGN TEAM. RETAIN REQUIRED HEIGHT AND SPREAD. DO NOT ALTER SHAPE AND DO NOT CLIT LEADERS REMOVE ALL DEAD WOOD, SUCKERS, BROKEN OR BRUISED BRANCHES. AND CROSSING BRANCHES. STAKES AND GUYS: TO BE ROUND CEDAR POSTS. THE CARTER ENGINEERING REPRESENTATIVE RESERVES THE RIGHT TO REJECT PLANT BENCHMARK "B" RAILROAD SPIKE IN WEST SIDE MATERIAL AT THE NURSERY OR AT THE SITE. THE TRUNK FLARE (AT THE BASE OF THE TREE) SHALL BE PROPERLY EXPOSED FOR ALL ELEV. = 130.58KEEP ROOT BALLS INTACT PRIOR TO AND DURING PLANTING OPERATIONS. PLANTS WITH BROKEN OR DAMAGED ROOT BALLS SHALL BE REJECTED AND IMMEDIATELY CRITICAL ROOT AREA REMOVED FROM THE SITE. KEEP ROOT BALLS DAMP AND PROTECTED FROM DAMAGE EX. LANDSCAPE PLANT SOIL MIXTURE WILL BE USED TO BACKFILL THE PLANTING AREA. INSTALL PLANTS SIMULTANEOUSLY WITH INSTALLATION OF PLANTING SOIL MIXES. EX. STORM INLET\\ N 86°48'24" W ~ 211.29' (F) TREE PLANTING: SEE TREE PLANTING DETAIL AND SPECIFICATION NOTES HEREIN FOR and the second and th INV. = 122.00'ADDITIONAL INFORMATION RELATED TO PLANTING PIT DIMENSIONS, PLANTING OPERATIONS, BACKFILLING, AND STAKING OF TREES. CONTAINER STOCK PLANTING: PLANT CONTAINER GROWN STOCK THE SAME AS SPECIFIED FOR BALLED AND BURLAPPED STOCK, BUT REMOVE CONTAINERS SOIL SHALL BE FREE OF ALL DEBRIS, CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL, AND SLURRY. (110sf) SOD 10' SIDE SETBACK LANDSCAPE AREAS SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH PLANTING SOIL MIXTURE PER DETAILS OBSTRUCTIONS: IF OBSTRUCTIONS OR OTHER CONDITIONS DETRIMENTAL TO HEALTHY PLANT GROWTH ARE ENCOUNTERED, NOTIFY CARTER ENGINEERING IMMEDIATELY AND (1) RED MAPLE REQUEST ADDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS. (560sf) SOD WATERING AND DRAINAGE: FILL EXCAVATIONS WITH WATER AND ALLOW WATER TO <-- \$ A PERCOLATE OUT BEFORE PLANTING. IF PLANTING PITS DO NOT PERCOLATE OR DRAIN B PROPERLY, NOTIFY THE CARTER ENGINEERING AND REQUEST ADDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS PRIOR TO PLANTING, DO NOT PLANT INTO POORLY DRAINING PLANTING PITS; POORLY DRAINING PLANTING PITS MAY HOLD WATER AND DROWN FLOOD ALL PLANTS W/ WATER TWICE WITHIN FIRST 24 HOURS OF PLANTING. ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE MULCHED AFTER PLANTING. BACKFILL TO ALLOW ROOM PROPOSED FOR MULCH AFTER SETTLING, AND PLACE MULCH IN DISH AFTER FIRST WATERING AND SCOOTER'S COFFEE WITHIN ONE WEEK OF PLANTING, SEE PLANTING DETAILS FOR MULCH THICKNESS. (REFER TO ARCHITECTURAL PLANS FOR ALL PLANTS SHALL BE PLUMB VERTICALLY AFTER SETTLING OR AS DIRECTED BY CARTER EXACT BUILDING DIMENSIONS) F.F.E.= 126.25 AREA= 664 SF. PROPOSED BERMUDA SOD -PLANTING RESTRICTIONS: PLANT DURING ONE OF THE FOLLOWING PERIODS: TO BE PLACED ALONG ALL (10E SPRING: (SHRUBS, GROUNDCOVER, PERENNIALS) - MAR. THROUGH MAY AREAS IN WHICH THE TREE PLANTING - SEPTEMBER THROUGH APRIL DRIVEWAY IS REMOVED INSTALLER AGREES TO REPAIR OR REPLACE PLANTINGS AND ACCESSORIES THAT FAIL IN MATERIALS WORKMANSHIP OR GROWTH WITHIN 18-MONTHS OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION. FAILURES INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO: DEATH AND UNSATISFACTORY GROWTH, EXCEPT FOR DEFECTS RESULTING FROM THE LACK OF ADEQUATE MAINTENANCE BY OWNER; STRUCTURAL FAILURES INCLUDING PLANTINGS EX. STORM INLET THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THE QUANTITIES LISTED IN THE PLANT LEGEND. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR INSTALLING ALL PLANTS SHOWN ON PLANTING PLANS. IN CASE OF DISCREPANCIES CARTER ENGINEERING SHOULD BE CONTACTED. 2-95 (200' RINN) ALL GROUNDCOVER QUANTITIES SHALL BE DETERMINED USING THE INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THE GROUNDCOVER QUANTITY AND SPACING CHART WITHIN THE (REFFERENCE BUILDING) S 86'49'17" E ~ 206.67 (E) ESCAMBIA COUNTY LANDSCAPE SELECTION & INSTALLATION NOTES S 8813'58" E ~ 206.72' (D GENERAL PLANT SELECTION NOTES (9,325 sf) SOD ----/ FOR FLORIDA GRADE NO. 1. OR BETTER, AS PROVIDED IN THE LATEST EDITION OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND CONSUMER SERVICES.

(b) SPECIES. ALL LANDSCAPING SHALL UTILIZE NATIVE PLANT SPECIES OR THOSE SPECIES LISTED IN THE FLORIDA-FRIENDLY LANDSCAPING™ GUIDE TO PLANT SELECTION AND

(c) TREES. TREES PLANTED TO FULFILL THE MINIMUM LANDSCAPE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS ARTICLE SHALL NORMALLY ATTAIN A MATURE HEIGHT OF AT LEAST 20 FEET AND HAVE A MINIMUM CALIPER OF TWO AND ONE-HALF INCHES OR GREATER MEASURED AT FOUR INCHES ABOVE ROOT BALL AT PLANTING. THE FOLLOWING ADDITIONAL CRITERIA APPLY: 1. NON-NATIVE SPECIES. NON-NATIVE SPECIES ARE LIMITED TO 25 PERCENT OR LESS OF

THE TOTAL REQUIRED TREES PLANTED. 2. DIVERSITY, THIS DIVERSITY OF THE TREES REQUIRED TO BE PLANT ON SITE SHALL COMPLY WITH A MAXIMUM OF 67% OF ANY SINGLE SPECIES

USE OF PALMS. PALMS DO NOT COMPLY WITH DEFINITION OF TREE FOR THE PURPOSES OF HESE LANDSCAPING PROVISIONS. HOWEVER, WIND-RESISTANT SPECIES MAY BE SUBSTITUTED AT THE RATIO OF TWO PALMS FOR ONE REQUIRED TREE FOR UP TO 50 PERCENT OF TREES REQUIRED FOR DEVELOPMENT ON SANTA ROSA ISLAND OR PERDIDO KEY, EXCLUDING ANY TREES REQUIRED SPECIFICALLY FOR BUFFERING OR REPLACEMENTS FOR PROTECTED TREE REMOVAL. SUCH PALMS INCLUDE: DATE PALM (PHOENIX SPP. EXCEPT P RECLINATA) AND CABBAGE OR SABAL, (SABAL PALMETTO).

1. SHRUBS. ALL SHRUBS SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES IN HEIGHT AT PLANTING. 2. TURF GRASS. CONSISTENT WITH FLORIDA-FRIENDLY PRACTICES, DEVELOPMENT AREAS, WHEN USED, GRASS SHALL BE SPECIES NORMALLY GROWN AS PERMANEN LAWNS IN ESCAMBIA COUNTY. ALL SOD SHALL BE CLEAN AND REASONABLY FREE OF WEEDS, NOXIOUS PESTS, AND DISEASES. WHEN GRASS AREAS ARE TO BE SEEDED, SPRIGGED, OR PLUGGED, SPECIFICATIONS MUST BE SUBMITTED. SUBSTANTIAL COVERAGE MUST BE ACHIEVED WITHIN 180 DAYS AND NURSE GRASS SHALL BE SOWN FOR IMMEDIATE EFFECTS AND PROTECTION UNTIL COVERAGE IS OTHERWISE

#### GENERAL PLANT INSTALLATION NOTES (a) PLANT PLACEMENT. THE INSTALLATION OF PLANTS IN APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS IS

(a) OTHER LANDSCAPE VEGETATION.

ESSENTIAL TO THEIR LONG-TERM SURVIVAL. LOCATIONS SHOULD MATCH MATURE PLANT SIZE TO AVAILABLE SOIL VOLUME AND OTHER CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH. PPROPRIATE SEPARATION FROM PAVEMENT AND STRUCTURES, INCLUDING STREETS DRIVEWAYS, CURBS, SIDEWALKS, SIGNS, LIGHTS AND UTILITIES MUST BE PROVIDED.

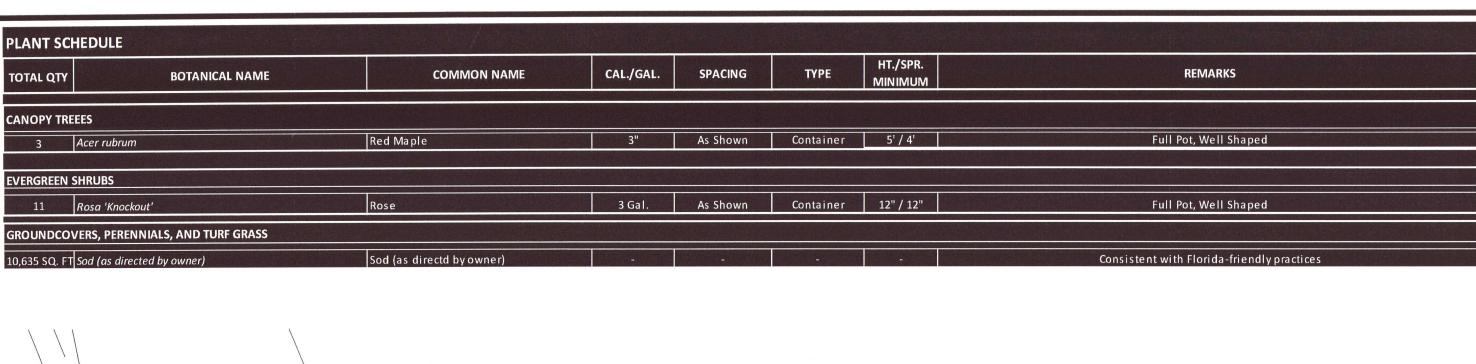
1. SIGHT DISTANCES. LANDSCAPING WITHIN THE SIGHT DISTANCE AREAS PRESCRIBED IN ARTICLE 5 FOR STREETS AND SITE ACCESS SHALL BE DESIGNED, INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED TO ALLOW VISIBILITY BETWEEN THREE FEET AND NINE FEET ABOVE GRADE. THE TRUNKS OF MATURE TREES TRIMMED OF FOLIAGE TO NINE FEET, AND NEWLY PLANTED TREES WITH IMMATURE CROWN DEVELOPMENT ALLOWING VISIBILITY ARE GENERALLY ACCEPTABLE WITHIN SUCH AREAS.

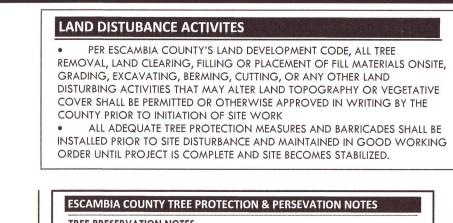
2. MINIMUM TREE AREA. EACH NEW TREE SHALL BE PLANTED AT THE CENTER OF A ALLOW GROWTH TO MATURITY. THE MINIMUM RADIUS OF THE ROOTING AREA SHALL BE FOUR FEET FOR AN UNDERSTORY TREE AND SIX FEET FOR A CANOPY TREE. THIS MINIMUM CIRCULAR AREA SHALL CONTAIN NO SIDEWALKS, CURBS OR PAVEMENT AND NO STRUCTURES, INCLUDING LIGHT OR UTILITY POLES, SIGNS, MANHOLES, STORMWATER INLETS, VAULTS, TRANSFORMERS, FIRE HYDRANTS OR

BACKFLOW PREVENTERS. 3. MINIMUM TREE SPACING. EACH NEW CANOPY AND UNDERSTORY TREE SHALL BE PLANTED AT LEAST 12 FEET FROM ANY OTHER TREE. ADDITIONALLY, ANY TREES TO BE PLANTED WITHIN THE CRITICAL ROOT ZONES OF PRESERVED CANOPY TREES ARE

LIMITED TO UNDERSTORY TREES. 4. OVERHEAD UTILITIES. WHERE OVERHEAD UTILITIES EXIST, ONLY PLANTS THAT WILL NOT CREATE PERSISTENT UTILITY MAINTENANCE OR INTERFERENCE PROBLEMS MAY BE INSTALLED. TO PREVENT TREES FROM BECOMING ENERGIZED OR DISRUPTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE, TREE PLANTING DIRECTLY BELOW POWER LINES SHALL BE AVOIDED AND ONLY UNDERSTORY TREES PLANTED NEAR POWER LINES. WITHIN AN ESTABLISHED ELECTRIC UTILITY RIGHT-OF-WAY NO VEGETATION SHALL BE PLANTED THAT WILL ACHIEVE A HEIGHT GREATER THAN 14 FEET OR INTRUDE FROM THE SIDE CLOSER THAN TEN FEET TO POWER LINES, OR EXCEED CLEARANCES OTHERWISE REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE ANSISTANDARDS ANY CANOPY TREES PLANTED SHALL B AT LEAST 25 FEET FROM POWER LINES, AND LARGE MATURING SPECIES SHOULD BE

PLANTED AT LEAST 50 FEET AWAY. (B) ACCOMMODATING TREE ROOTS. IN ADDITION TO THE MINIMUM AREAS REQUIRED BY THIS ARTICLE FOR PLANTED AND PRESERVED TREES, CURB, SIDEWALKS, AND OTHER CONCRETE AROUND TREES SHOULD BE MINIMIZED AND MORE FLEXIBLE MATERIALS UTILIZED TO ACCOMMODATE TREE ROOTS, INCLUDING CRUSHED STONE, BRICK-IN-SAND, AND POROUS PAVERS.





EX. BUILDING

EX. 8" WIDE CONCRETE WALL

(1) RED MAPLE

(1) RED MAPLE

OAKFIELD ROAD (50' R/W)

EX. LANDSCAPE

(440sf) SOD -

-1 (EX. 18" OAK)

SANDBAG HEADWALL

THE SUBJECT PROPERTY AS SHOWN HEREON IS LOCATED IN FLOOD ZONE X, (MINIMAL RISK AREAS

DEPTHS ARE SHOWN WITHIN THESE ZONES), AS DETERMINED FROM THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY

120080, FIRM MAP PANEL NUMBERS 12033C0360G, MAP REVISION DATED SEPTEMBER 29, 2006.

OUTSIDE THE 1-PERCENT AND .2-PERCENT-ANNUAL-CHANCE FLOODPLAINS. NO BFES OR BASE FLOOD

MANAGEMENT AGENCY FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA, COMMUNITY

EX. LANDSCAPE

EX. BUILDING

----- OHP ---

**EXISTING TREES TO BE** 

EX. FOREST

EX. 1' WIDE CONCRETE

713.11

NORTH R/W LINE

~ 1/2" CPPED IRON ROD, ILLEGIBLE (FOUND)

~ 1/2" CAPPED IRON ROD, NUMBER 7174 (SET)

(F) ~ FIELD MEASUREMENT/INFORMATION

---- x ---- ~ 6' HIGH CHAIN LINK FENCE

(D) ~ DESCRIPTION INFORMATION

R.C.P. ~ REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE

~ CONTOUR LINE

R/W ~ RIGHT OF WAY

ELEV. ~ ELEVATION

~ UTILITY POLE

WV ~ WATER VALVE

WM ~ WATER METER

INV. ~ INVERT ELEVATION

~ SPOT ELEVATION

~ BENCHMARK IN VICINITY

⊕FP ~ BACK FLOW PREVENTER

~ 1/2" CPPED IRON ROD, NUMBER 7073 (FOUND) ~ 1/2" C@PED IRON ROD, NUMBER 0340 (FOUND)

--- ADIGATES NOT TO SCALE

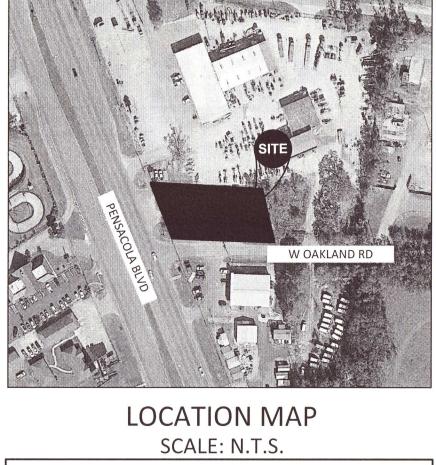
~ OVERHEAD UTILITY LINES

— ~ 6' HIGH WOOD BOARD FENCE

HEADWALL



THE EXISTING TREES ON THE EAST SIDE OF THE SITE (T-1 & T-2) ARE NOT TO BE REMOVED



#### **PROJECT NOTES DEVELOPER:** Scooter's Coffee, LLC 10500 Sapp Brothers Drive Omaha, NE 68138 Contact: Igor Bley Tel. (813) 493-0859 Igor.Bley@Scooterscoffee.com **ENGINEER:** Carter Engineering Consultants, Inc. 3651 Mars Hill Road, Suite 2000

Watkinsville, GA 30677 Contact: Jeff Carter, P.E. Tel. (770) 725-1200 jeff@carterengineering.net

6800 N Pensacola Blvd, Escambia County, FL 32505 Property located at Parcel No.: 27-1S-30-3101-002-060 Current Zoning: HC/LI - Heavy commercial and light industrial Future Land Use: C - Commercial Front: 15 feet Rear: 15 feet Side: 10 feet

Existing use Existing Commercial Building Proposed use Scooter's Coffee with all associated utilities Maximum Building Height 150 Feet

Project Tract 0.503 Acres 0.465 Acres

Setbacks:

Disturbed Area

Boundary, Site Survey and Contour Information obtained from boundary and topographical survey provided by Merrill Parker Shaw, Inc.. Dated 7/20/21. Phone: (850) 478-4923

Contour interval is 1 ft

F.E.M.A. Flood Insurance Rate Map 12033C0360G, effective on 09/29/2006 indicates that this property is located in "Zone X".

information and existing drawings. The surveyor nor engineer warrants that the underground utilities shown comprise all such utilities in the area, either in service or abandoned. The surveyor nor engineer warrants that the underground utilities shown are in the exact location indicated. The surveyor nor engineer has physically located all the underground utilities.

It is the responsibility of the contractor to field locate all utilities prior to commencing work and notify engineer if a discrepancy is found.

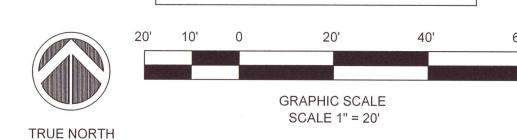
The contractor shall verify the invert elevations of all existing storm and sanitary sewer structures prior to commencement of storm and sanitary sewer construction.

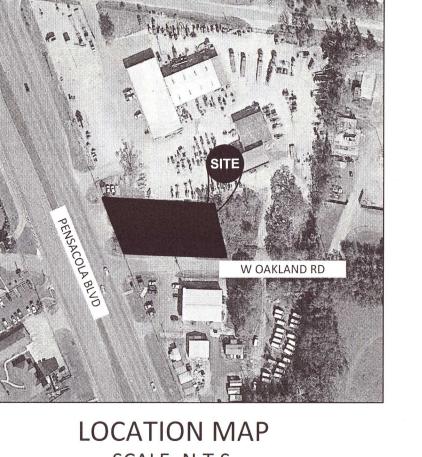
UNDERGROUND UTILITIES DISCLAIMER

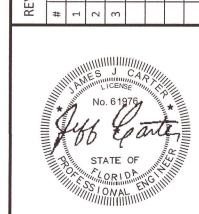
nformation regarding the reputed presence, size, character and location of existing underground utilities and structures related to underground utilities is shown heron. There is no certainty of the accuracy of this information and it shall be considered in that light by those using this drawing. The location and arrangement of underground utilities and structures related to underground utilities shown hereon may be inaccurate and utilities and structures related to underground utilities not shown may be encountered. The owner, his employees, his consultants and his contractors shall hereby distinctly understand that the surveyor is not responsible for the correctness or sufficiency of this information regarding the underground utilities and structures related to underground utilities shown hereon.

#### SITE DESIGN DATA AND CALCULATIONS SITE DESIGN INFORMATION TOTAL TRACT AREA 21,926 S.F. 0.503 AC. 100.00% EXISTING IMPERVIOUS 17.581 S.F. 0.404 AC. 80.18% EXISTING LANDSCAPE 4,345 S.F. 0.100 AC. 19.82% PROPOSED IMPERVIOUS 11,972 S.F. 0.275 AC. 53.24% STRUCTURE 0.015 AC. 2.88% VEHICULAR PAVEMENT 11,040 S.F. 0.254 AC. 50.35% 268 S.F. 0.006 AC. 0.01% LANDSCAPE PROVIDED 9,954 S.F. 0.228 AC. 46.76% PARKING REQUIREMENT Drive-through only 1 space per 100 s.f. 632 sf / 100 sf = 6.32 or 6 spaces required 6 spaces provided with 1 ADA spaces NUMBER OF SEATS NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES 4 EMPLOYEES REQUIRED PARKING PROPOSED PARKING HANDICAP PARKING 1 HANDICAP SPACES











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PROJECT NAME:

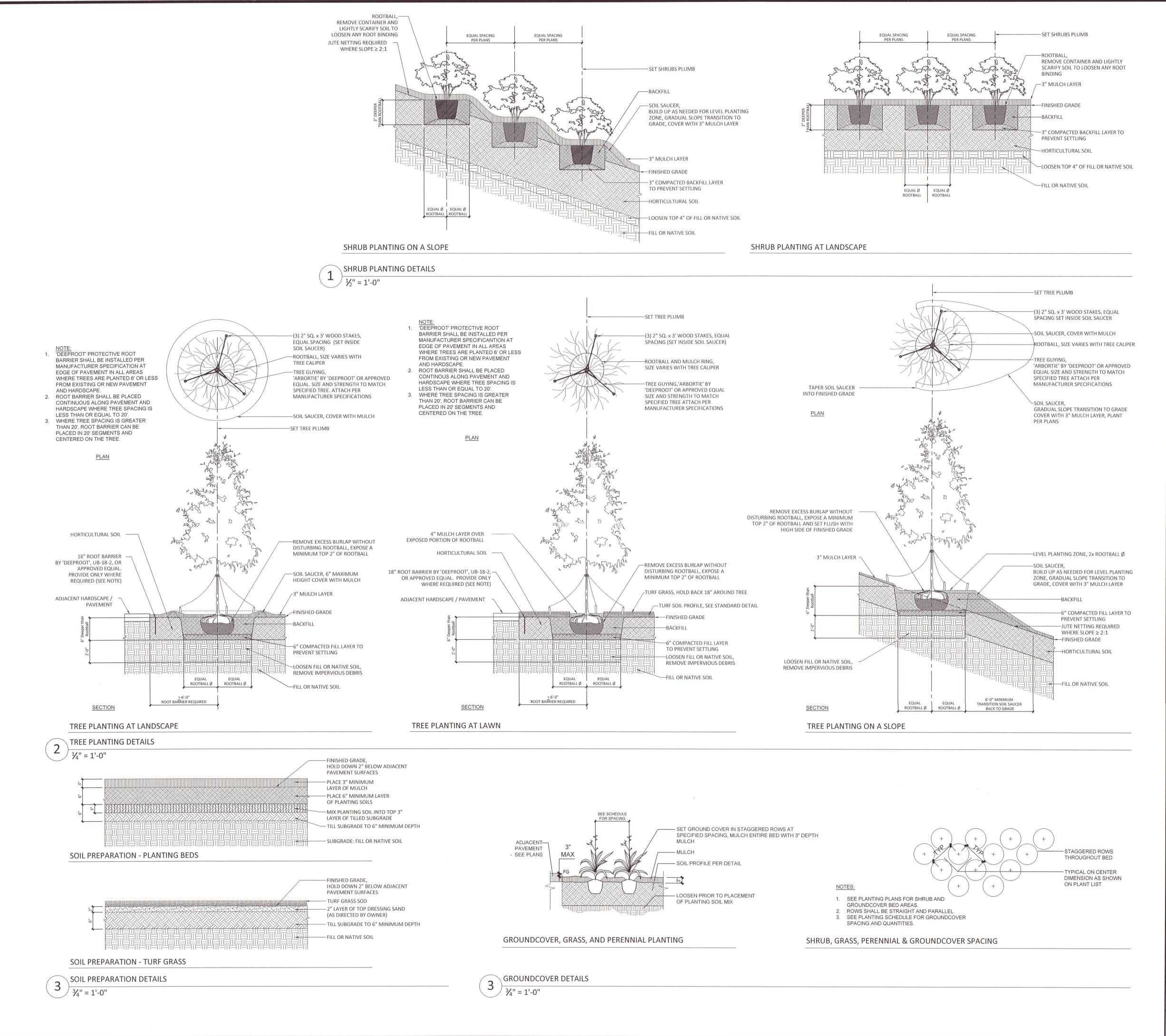
6 SPACES

SHEET TITLE:

LANDSCAPE PLAN

SHEET NUMBER:

PROJECT NUMBER: 21020SCR







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PROJECT NAME: EST. 1998 SCOOTER'S COFFEE

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SHEET TITLE:

LANDSCAPE **DETAILS** 

SHEET NUMBER:

PROJECT NUMBER: 21020SCR