



(MCI) MULTI-CASUALTY INCIDENTS



Escambia County, Florida – 1st Responder Medical Protocol

ASSESSMENT

- A. The **first** 1st responder on the scene will take charge of the patients until relieved by EMS crews or Fire Department Officers, or until a formal Incident Command System is in place.
- B. Notify dispatch of the need for more help when the estimated number of injured can be determined.
- C. Note any hazards (chemical spills, downed power lines, etc.)
- D. Begin rendering emergency care with airway being the first priority, followed by oxygenation, and hemorrhage control.
- E. In airplane crashes, be sure to leave a marker noting the position of the patient before removing them from the scene.
- F. If more than 6 patients, use **START** triage system and declare a Multiple Casualty Incident. (See [S.T.A.R.T. Protocol](#)).

TREATMENT

- A. If patient is severely injured, with systolic blood pressure < 100 mm/hg in adults, or **children** with capillary refill time >2 seconds:
 - Airway with cervical spine control
 - Breathing
 - Circulation/perfusion with hemorrhage control
 - Disability determination (AVPU, motor, posturing)
 - Exposure



Approved: 10/01/2011
Version: 3.1

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Approved by:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Charles Neal".
Charles Neal, D.O. Medical Director



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- B. Perform a rapid, abbreviated full-body assessment in order to identify any major injuries.
- C. If extrication required, perform quickly with spinal immobilization.
- D. Transport to the treatment area on scene (after properly immobilized)

Report

- A. Report to crew as indicated in [*General Supportive Care Protocol*](#).



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