

PAIN MANAGEMENT



Escambia County, Florida - ALS/BLS Medical Protocol

Paramedic Only This entire protocol is ALS / Paramedic only.

Isolated Extremity Fracture

The purpose of this procedure is to manage pain associated with isolated extremity fractures not associated with multi-system trauma or hemodynamic instability.

ALS Level 1

- 1. Patients should be asked to quantify their pain on an analog pain scale (0=least severe to 10=most severe).
 - This number should be documented and used to measure the effectiveness of analgesia.
- 2. Distal circulation, sensation and movement should be noted and recorded in the injured extremity.
- 3. The extremity should be immobilized as described in Extremity Injuries.
- 4. Extremity fractures should be elevated, if possible, and cold applied.

ALS Level 2 (*Physician authorization required*)

1. If pain persists and systolic BP >100 mmHg, Morphine Sulfate may be given intravenously. Morphine Sulfate should be given at a rate of 2 mg IV over 2-3 minutes, to the desired effect or a maximum of 10 mg.

Acute Back Strain

This procedure should be used in the isolated back strain where an acute abdominal process can be ruled out (see <u>Abdominal Pain Differential</u>).

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Approved by:

Charles Neal, D.O. Medical Director



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ALS Level 1

1. Patients should be asked to quantify their pain on an analog pain scale (0=least severe to 10=most severe).

This number should be documented and used to measure the effectiveness of analgesia.

2. Secure patient to back board PRN.

ALS Level 2 (*Physician authorization required*)

3. If pain persists and systolic BP >100 mmHg, Morphine Sulfate may be given intravenously.

Morphine Sulfate should be given at a rate of 2 mg IV over 2-3 minutes, to the desired effect or a maximum of 10 mg.

Renal Colic

This procedure is used for flank pain associated with kidney stones where an acute abdominal process can be ruled out (see <u>Abdominal Pain Differential</u>).

ALS Level 1

1. Patients should be asked to quantify their pain on an analog pain scale (0=least severe to 10=most severe).

This number should be documented and used to measure the effectiveness of analgesia.

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ALS Level 2 (*Physician authorization required*)

2. If pain persists and systolic BP >100 mmHg, Morphine Sulfate may be given intravenously. Morphine Sulfate should be given at a rate of 2 mg IV over 2-3 minutes, to the desired effect or a maximum of 10 mg.

Soft Tissue Injuries, Burns, Bites and Stings

This procedure is used for pain associated with soft tissue injuries, burns, bites and stings not associated with multi-system trauma or hemodynamic instability.

ALS Level 1

1. Patients should be asked to quantify their pain on an analog pain scale (0=least severe to 10=most severe). This number should be documented and used to measure the effectiveness of analgesia.

ALS Level 2 (*Physician authorization required*)

1. If pain persists and systolic BP >100 mmHg, Morphine Sulfate may be given intravenously. Morphine Sulfate should be given at a rate of 2 mg IV over 2-3 minutes, to the desired effect or a maximum of 10 mg.

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