

*Selected Socio-Economic Data
Escambia County, Florida
that Provides Clarity about*

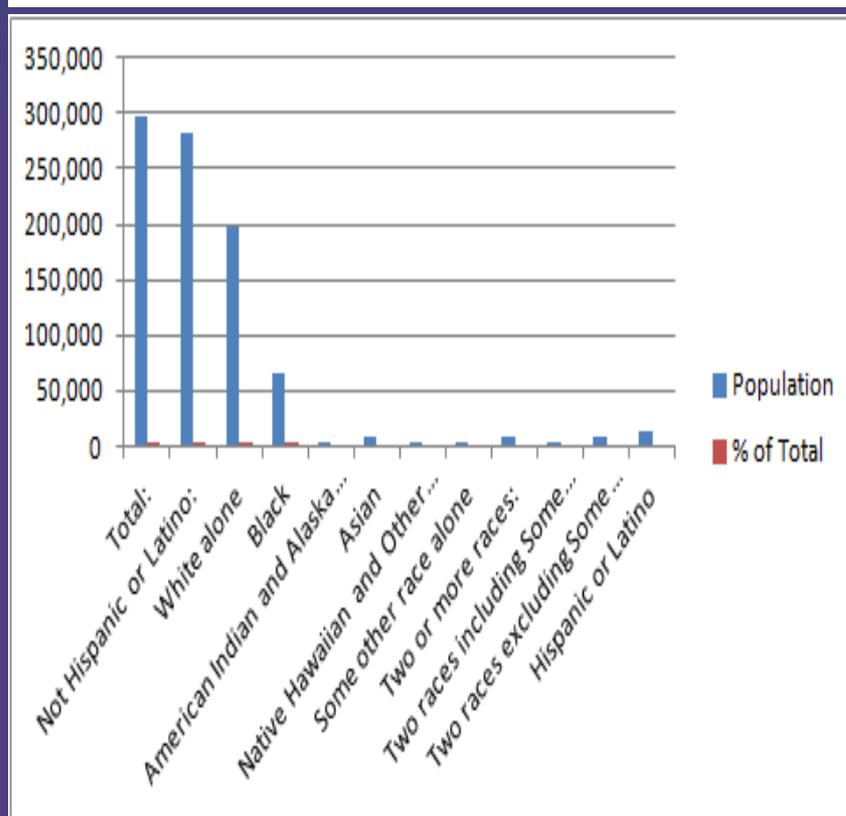
“Why We Need RESTORE for Social Infrastructure Projects?”

**Breaking the Myths and
Stereotypes About Poverty
in Escambia County – In
Black and White ...
Communities**



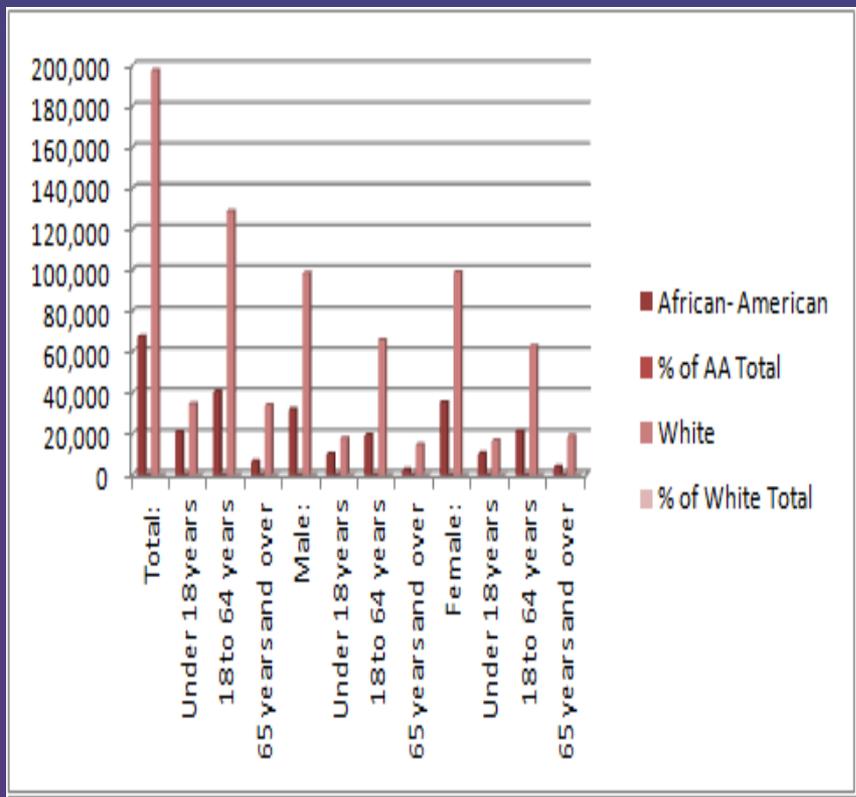
Puzzle Piece # 1

	Population	% of Total
Total:	297,304	100.0%
Not Hispanic or Latino:	283,500	95.4%
White alone	197,589	66.5%
Black or African American alone	66,642	22.4%
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	1,455	0.5%
Asian alone	8,231	2.8%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	539	0.2%
Some other race alone	347	0.1%
Two or more races:	8,697	2.9%
Two races including Some other race	199	0.1%
Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	8,498	2.9%
Hispanic or Latino	13,804	4.6%



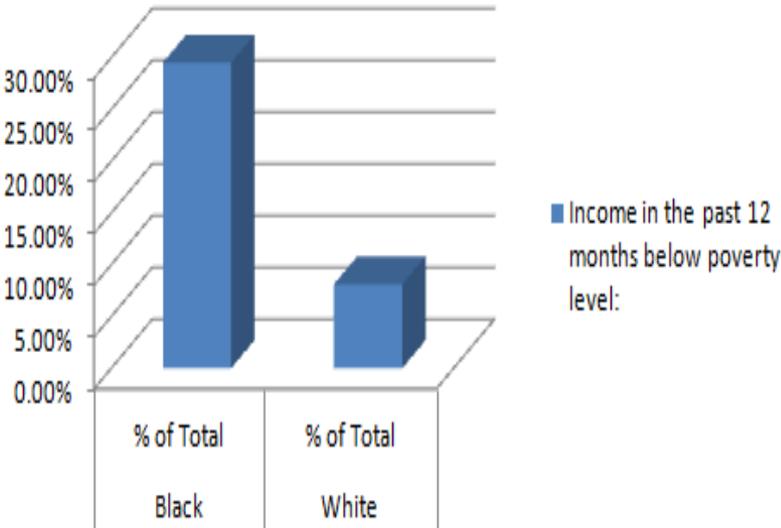
Puzzle Piece # 2

	African-American	% of AA Total	White	% of White Total
Total:	67,638	100.00%	197,589	100.00%
Under 18 years	20,659	30.50%	34,779	17.60%
18 to 64 years	40,583	60.00%	128,897	65.20%
65 years and over	6,396	9.50%	33,913	17.20%
Male:	32,191	47.60%	98,654	49.90%
Under 18 years	10,314	15.20%	17,904	9.10%
18 to 64 years	19,323	28.60%	65,953	33.40%
65 years and over	2,554	3.80%	14,797	7.50%
Female:	35,447	52.40%	98,935	50.10%
Under 18 years	10,345	15.30%	16,875	8.50%
18 to 64 years	21,260	31.40%	62,944	31.90%
65 years and over	3,842	5.70%	19,116	9.70%

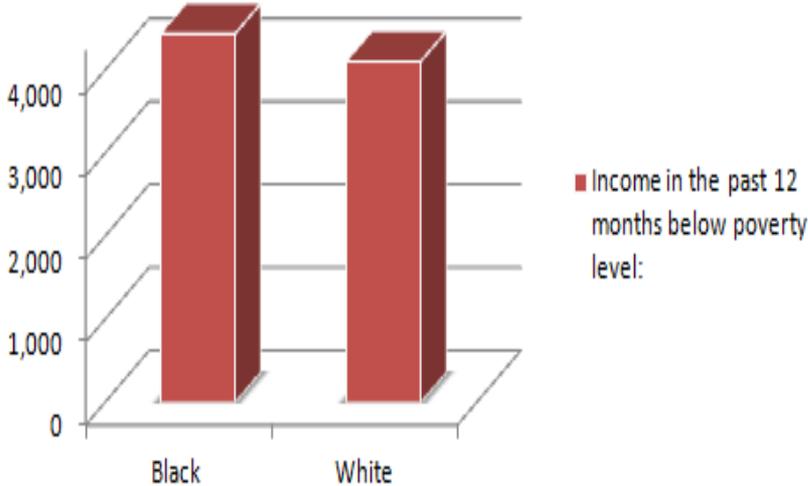


Puzzle Piece # 3 – Myths Vs. Reality

Income in the past 12 months below poverty level:

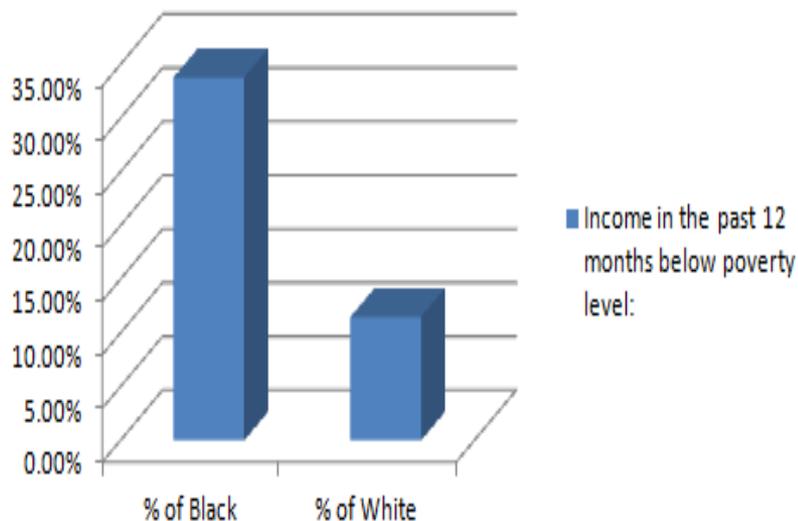


Income in the past 12 months below poverty level:

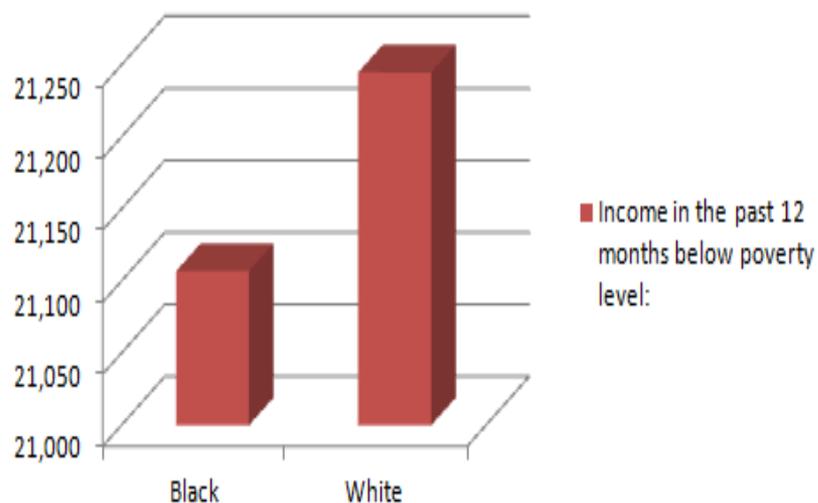


Puzzle Piece # 4 – Myths Vs. Reality

Income in the past 12 months below poverty level:



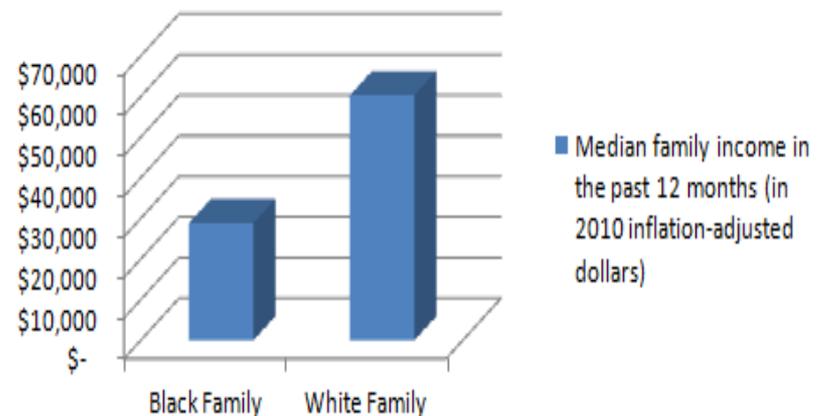
Income in the past 12 months below poverty level:



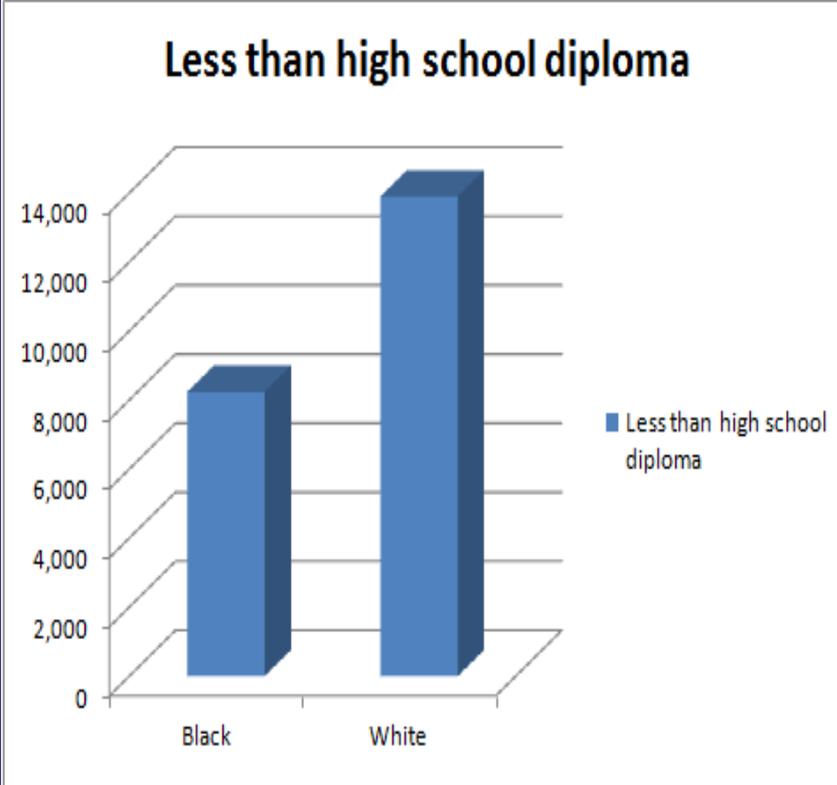
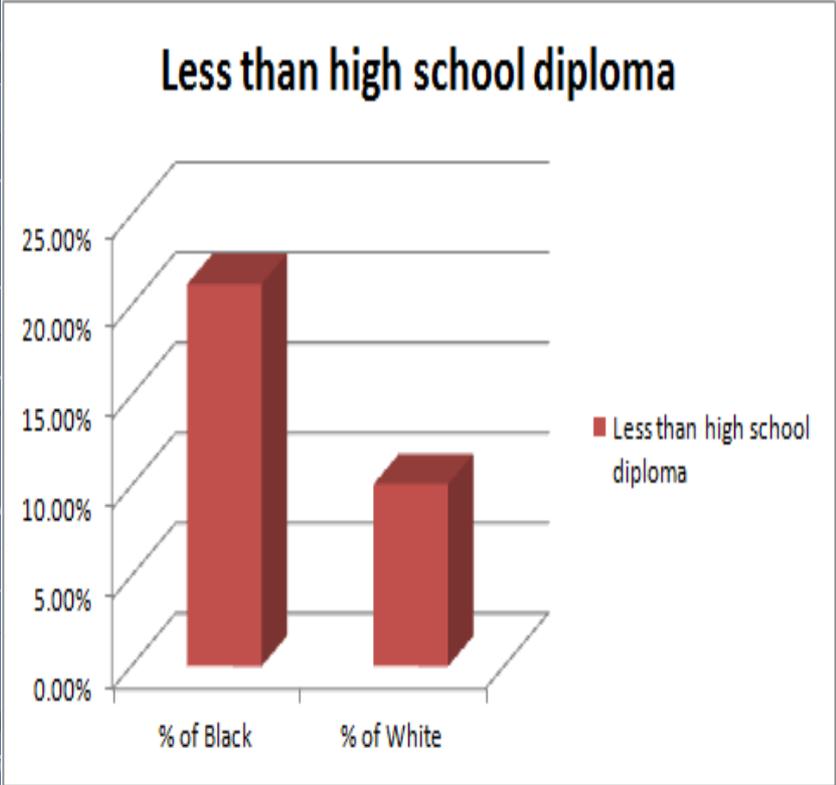
Puzzle Piece # 5 – Myths Vs. Reality



Median family income in the past 12 months (in 2010 inflation-adjusted dollars)



Puzzle Piece # 6 – Myths Vs. Reality

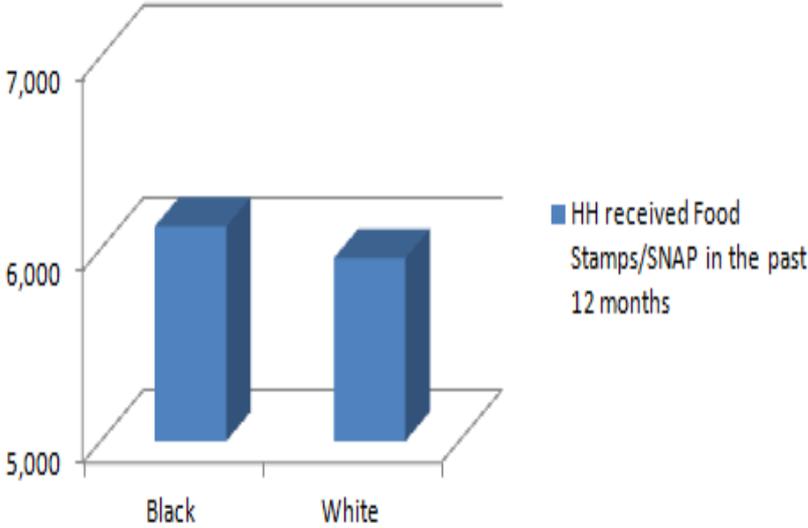


Puzzle Piece # 7 – Myths Vs. Reality

HH received Food Stamps/SNAP in the past 12 months



HH received Food Stamps/SNAP in the past 12 months



Puzzle Piece # 8 – Myths Vs. Reality

Total Reported Property Index Crimes, Escambia County, Florida, by Offense and Year.

Year	Population	Burglary	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Total Property Index Crime	Property Crime Rate per 100,000 Population
2008	313,480	2,993	8,525	835	12,353	3,940.6
2009	312,980	3,265	8,750	753	12,768	4,079.5
2010	311,184	3,189	9,313	609	13,111	4,213.3
2011	299,261	3,241	9,908	726	13,875	4,636.4
2012	299,511	3,899	9,920	680	14,499	4,840.9

Total Reported Violent Index Crimes, Escambia County, Florida, by Offense and Year.

Year	Population	Murder	Forcible Sex Offenses	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Total Violent Index Crime	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000 Population
2008	313,480	22	272	692	1,741	2,727	869.9
2009	312,980	18	193	636	1,884	2,731	872.6
2010	311,184	29	364	573	1,391	2,357	757.4
2011	299,261	16	313	565	1,279	2,173	726.1
2012	299,511	22	317	502	1,601	2,442	815.3

SOURCE: Florida Department of Law Enforcement. Crime in Florida, Florida uniform crime report, 1995-2012 [Computer program]. Tallahassee, FL: FDLE. Florida Statistical Analysis Center.

**All People arrested and booked on Friday 5/17 and Sat. 5/18 until 10:00pm
20 Blacks – 21 Whites (one white male mug shot not available)
Retrieved @ 10:00 Saturday 5/18/2013 from Escambia County Sherriff
Website Jail View**

Source: <http://www2.escambiaso.com/SmartWebClient/jail.aspx>



The “Upside of Florida”? -Other Critical Socio-Economic Data

- More than 22,000 Blacks and 57,000 Whites had no earnings (verifiable income) in 2012
- Unemployment of Working Age Population (Ages 16 to 64) (As a Percent of 16-64 Civilian Labor Force) was 22.4% of Blacks and 9.9% of Whites
- In 2012 Total Property Stolen = \$ 20,917,953 Total Recovered = \$ 5,626,423
- Escambia County was ranked #1 in crime in the State ... # 2 Miami-Dade
- Escambia, FL is ranked #7 with the Population in Poverty Percentage of 19.4%.
- Escambia, FL is ranked #4 with the Family in Poverty Percentage of 14.5%

Lost R.O.I – The Cost of Poverty

Community Resources – Citizens in poverty must rely on community resources to get by on a frequent basis.

The Economy and Buying Power – Citizens in poverty only have money to spend on absolute essential goods and commodities to get by on a daily basis because they are only making minimum wage or less.

Education – Children in poverty can have an impact from the entire school district all the way down to the classroom.

Health Care – While the issue of the growing number of medically uninsured in the community has a much broader impact than just on those in poverty, healthcare for everyone is impacted by poverty in our community.

Neighborhoods – The Escambia/Pensacola prides itself on having great neighborhoods, yet not every neighborhood is great because citizens living in poverty do not have the resources to be sure their homes are repaired and yards are maintained.

Image – The image that is reflected when our community is described in the media as being “One of the Poorest Counties” or “Worst Crime” in the State of Florida impacts everyone. And especially our desire to recruit companies into the area ... putting lipstick on a pig doesn’t work!

Transformational Change Vehicles

SOCIAL INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS
PROVIDES A PATH TO INCREASED R.O.I.

Crime

Poverty

Health

Education

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Chief Executive Officer



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